

IN THE SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR THE COUNTIES OF UMATILLA AND MORROW

In the Matter of Violation Processing, and Reauthorizing the Violations Bureaus for Umatilla and Morrow Counties PRESIDING JUDGE ORDER No. 20-007

(*Replaces PJO 17-017*)

Summary of Changes:

This Presiding Judge order incorporates and relies on the most current Chief Justice Order for Violations to authorize reductions in fine amounts and decisions by the Violations Bureau and authorizes Court Judicial Staff ('clerks') to facilitate the processing of Violations which are not part of the Violations Bureau authority to the appropriate judge for disposition.

WHEREAS ORS 153.800 permits the court to establish a violations bureau; and

WHEREAS THE Umatilla Circuit Court and the Morrow County Circuit Court continue to maintain violations bureaus for Umatilla and Morrow Counties; and

WHEREAS ORS 153.021(1) establishes the maximum reductions allowed for Class A through D Vehicle Code traffic violations; and

WHEREAS THE Chief Justice of the Oregon Supreme Court issues orders relating to the operations of violations bureaus and a presumptive fine schedule, described in Chief Justice Order 17-085 (CJO) and the 2020 "Schedule of Fines" on Violations (SOF-20), incorporated herein (Attachments A and B). Attachment C is a non-exclusive list of other than traffic Violations with related instructions.

THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT THE RULES FOLLOWING MY SIGNATURE SHALL DIRECT THE OPERATION OF THE VIOLATIONS BUREAU.

DATED: June 5, 2020

DANIEL J. HILL

Presiding Judge of the Circuit Court

I. OPERATION

The rules prescribed here shall grant authority to, and direct the operation of, the Violations Bureaus of the Umatilla County Circuit Court and the Morrow County Circuit Court. Any forms or informational documents referenced in this PJO are available for download on the Court website or may be requested from the Violations Bureau at the prevailing copy fee.

- 1. The Violations Bureaus continue in the Umatilla and Morrow County Circuit Courts.
- 2. The Trial Court Administrator may designate court staff to administer the Violations Bureau ("clerks").
- 3. Violation Offenses shall be cited to appear before the Violations Bureau. This includes:
 - a. Traffic law violations.
 - b. Snow Park violations.
 - c. Wildlife law violations.
 - d. Commercial Fishing laws and rules.
 - e. Overweight commercial vehicle violations.
 - f. Federal Motor Carrier Law violations.
 - g. Violations of Boating laws and rules.
 - h. Citations issued to a corporation for the above violations.
 - i. All other statutory violations other than misdemeanors treated as a violation by the prosecutor, or violations requiring a mandatory appearance before a judge as set forth herein.
- 4. The Violations Bureau shall serve as the 'clearing house' for information pertaining to options for responding to citations for violations and shall process statutory violations listed in Paragraph 3 either internally under authority of the CJO and this PJO to disposition (fine and conviction, fee and dismissal), or to trial before a judge. Other violations will be set before a judge for resolution, however the clerks shall be available to provide assistance by answering non-legal questions, providing plea forms, and processing written pleas to a judge for consideration either before in-court arraignment or after arraignment and prior to trial.
 - a. The Violations Bureau clerks may process citations where a defendant has had offenses within the last 12 month period.
 - b. If a citation is issued to a corporation, the corporation is required to submit their plea in writing. The Violations Bureau

- clerks will process the written plea based on the type of violation cited.
- c. The Violations Bureau clerks shall also monitor and recommend changes to the appropriate supervisor for action to improve the 6th District website related to information on and processing of violations to best fulfil the Court's commitment to simplify processes and eliminate barriers.
- 5. State Vehicle Code Violations. State Vehicle Code - Traffic violations are defined as any violation of ORS chapters 801 through 826 and Use of Marijuana in a Motor Vehicle (Oregon Laws 2016, ch. 24). Schedule I, II, or III overweight commercial vehicle citations (ORS 825) are not included in this definition and are addressed separately in this order. A defendant who has received a citation for one of these offenses has the right to plead 'not guilty' and be tried by a judge, or to plead 'no contest' or 'no contest with explanation' and pay the presumptive fine written on the citation. If eligible pursuant to the CJO, a defendant may request a reduction in the presumptive fine written on the citation. The Violations Bureau clerks are authorized to make a reduction in a fine based on Paragraph 3 of the CJO. Paragraph 5 of the CJO itemizes violations that may not be reduced from the presumptive fine and Paragraph 6 identifies violations that must be addressed by a judge including misdemeanors charged as violations and careless driving involving injury.
 - a. Options Generally:
 - i. Plead 'no contest' by paying the presumptive fine on-line on the Oregon Courts website.
 - ii. Plead 'no contest' verbally or in writing with the Violations Bureau and pay the fine assessed by the Violations Bureau.
 - iii. Plead 'no contest' with the Violations Bureau and ask for judicial consideration of a reduction beyond the authority of the Violations Bureau.
 - 1. Submit a written plea and any statement that you would like the judge to consider to the Violations Bureau clerk.
 - 2. Documents are forwarded to a Judge for determination.
 - 3. Judgment completed by judge and returned to the Violations Bureau for processing.
 - iv. Plead 'not guilty' and request the citation be set for trial.
 - 1. Trial in person before a judge.

- 2. Trial by telephone appearance. This requires a motion to appear by telephone. The form is available on the Court's website or by request from the Violations Bureau. Violations Bureau clerks can provide the defendant with the form or with information on where to find the form and instructions.
- 3. Trial by declaration. Violations Bureau clerks can provide the defendant with the form or with information on where to find the form and instructions.
- 4. Forms referenced in this subsection are available at no cost on the "Criminal Miscellaneous" tab at https://www.courts.oregon.gov/courts/umatilla/help/Pages/Forms.aspx. They may also be purchased from the Violations Bureau at the current rate provided by Chief Justice Order (\$0.25/page).
- b. Charges may be resolved without trial if the defendant chooses to plead 'no contest' and pays the appropriate fine for the violation. The maximum fine for a violation is described by the specific statute or is defined by ORS 153.018. A lower presumptive fine is established by ORS 153.019 and ORS 153.020. The presumptive fine should be written on the citation. Statutory minimum fines are set forth in ORS 153.021.
- c. The Violations Bureau clerks shall refer to the Chief Justice Order (CJO) and fine schedule in determining whether a fine may be reduced, if requested, or accept the presumptive fine with a plea of 'no contest.'
 - i. The Chief Justice has established by Order (Attachment A) a presumptive fine schedule with allowable reductions for some violations based on driving history. The chart in Attachment A reflects the presumptive fines for classified violations and reductions that a Violations Bureau clerk may make based on the defendant's documented driving record. Should CJO 17-085 or SOF-20 be updated, the most current ordered fine reduction chart shall apply.
- d. If a defendant submits in writing a plea of no contest with a request for a fine reduction greater than that provided in the CJO, the Violations Bureau clerks shall process the request as a 'no contest' plea to the appropriate judge. Violations Bureau clerks are authorized to advise defendants that if the judge

- determines that they have a violation or other criminal history which makes the presumptive fine inappropriate that the judge may require a trial and or the payment of a higher amount up to the maximum fine after further notice.
- e. Violations Bureau clerks are authorized to advise defendants that a plea of 'not guilty' exposes them to fines up to the statutory maximum for the offense. Pursuant to ORS 153.018 maximum fines are:
 - i. \$2,000 for a Class A violation;
 - ii. \$1,000 for a Class B violation;
 - iii. \$500 for a Class C violation; and
 - iv. \$250 for a Class D violation.
- f. Violations Bureau clerks shall insure that the individual who requests to plead 'no contest' to "Minor in Possession" statutes or to "Speed in Excess of 100 MPH" is the defendant on the citation and advise them that a judge will determine the period of time their driver's license will be suspended. The case is then referred to a judge for determination of the length of suspension.
- g. The Violations Bureau clerks shall coordinate with appropriate courtroom staff to assign trial dates.
 - i. As the processing center for violations, the clerks of the Violations Bureau will work with the courtroom Judicial Assistant to process cases to resolution prior to trial unless the Judge orders that the matter be docketed for in-court appearance.
 - ii. Defendants may use the form provided as part of the Uniform Citation or the Court's plea form to enter a plea prior to the first appearance date on the citation or enter a plea and payment on line or by calling the Violations Bureau.
 - iii. Defendants may file a written request for trial by telephone or declaration using the court's plea form or other specific court forms or by clear written request.
 - 1. Violations Bureau clerks may email a link to the plea form and other forms to defendants where needed or refer them to the website.
- 6. **Umatilla County Ordinance Violations.** All first appearances of Umatilla County Ordinance Violations are with the Violations Bureau.

Umatilla County Ordinances are online at http://www.co.umatilla.or.us/bcc/code-ordinances.html.

- a. Chapter 38, Code Enforcement, allows the Code Enforcement Officer to issue citations to appear to the Circuit Court. Under the ordinance the Circuit Court has authority as the hearings officer. Under Section 38.30 the base violation fine is \$500 for a non-continuing violation and \$1000 for a continuing violation.
 - i. Continuing violations unless resolved at the first appearance with County Counsel and the defendant before the Violations Bureau are set for appearance before a judge. If resolved by the parties then the Violations Bureau may process the disposition.
- b. Provisions of the Umatilla County Ordinances, located online at http://www.co.umatilla.or.us/bcc/code-ordinances.html, are enforceable by citation to the Circuit Court, including but not limited to Chapter 50, Solid Waste, online at http://www.co.umatilla.or.us/bcc/codes/50.pdf, Chapter 94, Nuisances, online at http://www.co.umatilla.or.us/bcc/codes/94.pdf, and Chapter 96, Noise, online at http://www.co.umatilla.or.us/bcc/codes/96.pdf. Ordinances may be enforced by the Code Enforcement Officer with citations to the Circuit Court.
- c. Non-continuing violations may be processed by the Violations Bureau at the presumptive fine of \$500.00. The Violations Bureau may accept a not guilty plea and set trial, or accept a no-contest plea and impose a reduced fine when there is no recent state or county offense listed in the CMS, on this scale:
 - i. No offenses within 36 months: \$200.00
 - ii. No offenses within 24 months: \$300.00
 - iii. No offenses within 12 months: \$400.00
- d. Continuing violations are marked on the citation either as a continuing violation or with a presumptive fine of \$1000.00. As noted above, these are set before a judge for hearing. The Violations Bureau provides the defendant a first appearance date for arraignment in court. If County Counsel and the defendant, and/or their attorney, resolve the matter prior to first appearance, then County Counsel submits the order and judgment for approval.
- e. The Violations Bureau and County Counsel coordinate for first appearance dates and times for citations.

7. **Other Violations.** The CJO defines the Violations Bureau's authority to take pleas and accept presumptive fines without reducing the fine below the presumptive fine amount written on the citation, on certain violations. All violations are subject to the inclusion of other penalties (see Section II, paragraph *e. Step 5: Penalties*) including the addition of restitution or offense-specific monetary surcharges. A non-exclusive list of non-vehicle Code Violations, and the presumptive or minimum fine, and penalties, is attached as Attachment C.

In other limited situations the defendant must appear before the judge to enter a plea are set out in Section 7 below. These violations are referred to as "Mandatory Appearances."

- a. Pleas may be taken verbally or in writing. Plea options are:
 - i. Plead 'no contest' verbally with the Violations Bureau and pay the presumptive fine written on the citation.
 - 1. Because the Violations Bureau clerk may not reduce this type of citation, any request for a reduction in the presumptive fine must be in writing, with a statement of the reasons for the reduction to be considered. These written requests are submitted to a Judge for determination of the fine;
 - 2. The defendant will receive notice in writing of the Judge's determination; or
 - 3. Defendants pleading 'no contest' to a violation in this category should be informed that the full assessment may be more than the presumptive fine due to restitution. Moreover, certain offenses, such as vicious or biting dog, have other significant collateral orders that may be applied for and the payment of a fine does not preclude the court being asked to issue other orders by law enforcement or the victim.
 - ii. Plead 'not guilty' verbally and request the citation be set for trial (see Section 5.a.iv for details).
 - 1. In person;
 - 2. Telephonic (with court approval); or
 - 3. Declaration (with court approval).
 - iii. File written appearance using either the form provided on the Uniform Citation or on the Court's Plea Entry Form. Plea options are:
 - 1. 'Not Guilty' citation is set for trial (see Section 5.a.iv for details).

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- a. In person;
- b. Telephonic appearance; or
- c. Written Declaration.
- 2. 'No Contest' written documentation must be mailed or delivered to the court.
 - a. Violations Bureau clerks will submit plea and statements to the judge.
 - b. Judicial Assistant will prepare judgment for processing.
- iv. For all violations under this section that go to a Judge for resolution based on a 'no contest' plea as a result of the defendant submitting a request for reduction by statement for consideration (statement in explanation), the Violations Bureau clerk shall review the Oregon Court Record and advise the judge of prior traffic offenses within the last 12, 24 and 36 months. Any defendant with an operator's license issued by another state may provide an official copy of their driving or other record.
- 8. Mandatory Appearance Violations. The Chief Justice has ordered that some violation offenses are outside the authority of the Violations Bureau to resolve. Those matters and other violations described in this section require personal appearance before a judge to enter a plea. These cases are to be cited to the courtroom for appearance or if cited to the Violations Bureau they will be assigned to a courtroom and notice of when and where will be sent to the defendant. For these cases the defendant may ask procedural questions of the Violations Bureau staff but must make their legal appearance before a trial judge. There is no restriction on the trial judge allowing telephonic appearance, nor is there any restriction on an attorney appearing for a defendant in such a Violation. See Attachment C for a list of statutory violations, denoting those with mandatory appearance violations to personally appear before the court, and offenses where a written appearance is required as an 'appearance to the court' or personal appearance. Mandatory personal appearance violations include:
 - a. Careless Driving with serious physical injury or death.
 - b. Truancy.
 - c. Citations which state 'mandatory appearance' or on which the presumptive fine is omitted, except that:

- i. If a citation omits the presumptive fine or the fine is illegible the clerk will ordinarily return it to the charging officer for clarification. If that is not an option, the case may be processed by the Violations Bureau at the statutory presumptive amount per the CJO with approval of a judge, unless the citation is a mandatory appearance or recites that mandatory appearance or is for careless driving with serious physical injury or death, typically also noted on the citation.
 - 1. The clerk must coordinate with a judge for approval to amend the citation to include the correct presumptive amount.
- 9. **Juvenile Citations.** A separate Presiding Judge Order, PJO 20-004, directs that all violations involving a juvenile are typically adjudicated in the Violations Bureau unless an applicable Municipal Court has chosen to process juvenile violations under the PJO. Violations for juveniles age 15-17 generally go to the Violations Bureau for processing unless ordered individually or by classification of offense to go to the juvenile department. If there is a question about assignment, Violations Bureau clerks coordinate with the Trial Court Administrator.
- 10. **Fix It Tickets.** The Violations Bureau clerks are authorized to process to dismissal certain "fix it" tickets for vehicle code violations. If correction is made timely and there is sufficient proof of correction submitted, then the Violations Bureau clerks will assess the minimum fine as the fee for the dismissal upon proof of correction by writing and or photographic proof. The clerks will not go look at the vehicle, and a letter is not enough proof. The court will need proof by photographs, receipts and possibly a declaration from you of what you did (use the declaration from the trial by declaration form).
 - a. ORS 807.010 Operating Vehicle without Driving Privileges. If a defendant cited for no operator's license (as opposed not failure to carry operator's license under ORS 807.570) provides proof of an appropriate and current grant of driving privileges from Oregon, or who as 'not a resident of this state' a grant of current driving privileges from another state or nation under ORS 807.020, or if a resident for less than 30 days at the time of the citation, or can demonstrate an exception as a utility under ORS 801.026 may obtain a dismissal of the citation.
 - i. For residents with a license, the failure to carry comes under ORS 807.570 (below) and will be dismissed without a fee if cited under ORS 807.010.

- ii. For non-residents with a current license, the failure to carry comes under ORS 807.570 and will be dismissed without a fee if cited under ORS 807.010.
- iii. For residents having moved to Oregon within the last 30 days prior to the date of the citation the defendant must show some evidence of initial occupancy or domicile dated within 30 days of the date of the citation and obtain an Oregon license. The VB may grant an extension of 30 days to obtain the license.
- b. ORS 807.570 Failure to Carry License (not failure to present if cited in that manner), a Class C Misdemeanor, where the citation was treated as a Violation by the Prosecutor, then upon proof of having a current grant of driving privileges, proof of such may be presented to the VB for presentation to the judge for possible dismissal upon the payment of the fee at the 20% minimum fine of a Class A Violation.
- c. Failure to use ignition interlock device, ORS 813.602. If a person is cited under this statute for failure to have an ignition interlock device has one of the following proofs of exemption issued prior to the date of the citation:
 - i. A certificate from the Oregon Department of Motor Vehicles;
 - ii. A court order exempting the defendant from using the interlock; or
 - iii. An order reflecting that the interlock is no longer required issued prior to the date of the citation;
 - then the Violations Bureau may dismiss the citation. A copy of the proof document will be added to the defendant's Odyssey file for the citation.
- d. Fix it ticket dismissals by the Violations Bureau are authorized in the following matters:
 - i. Driving without proof of insurance (ORS 806.012);
 - ii. Expired vehicle registration/fail to register vehicle (ORS 803.300);
 - iii. Failure to change address for driver's license (ORS 807.420);
 - iv. Failure to change vehicle registration address (ORS 803.220);
 - v. Failure to maintain seat belts (ORS 811.225);
 - vi. Lack of proper exhaust system (ORS 815.250);

- vii. Repair of broken or improper equipment, such as headlamps (ORS 816.330), and mud guards or fenders (ORS 815.185;
- viii. Failure to display license plate (ORS 803.540) or obstructed license plate (ORS 803.550);
- ix. No rear view mirrors (ORS 815.235);
- x. Obstructed windows (ORS 815.220); and
- xi. Excessive window tinting (ORS 815.222).

II. The Violation Citation Process

- 1. The different types of citations are covered in detail in the sections that follow, but the steps in the process are essentially the same for all types of violations. The majority of citations to circuit court occur in Umatilla County; therefore, this document provides direction for Umatilla County process. If a violation occurs in Morrow County, it will most likely be cited to the Morrow County Justice Court which is not subject to this order. If the citation specifically requires appearance in the Morrow County Circuit Court, please refer to the court website at https://www.courts.oregon.gov/courts/Umatilla/Pages/default.aspx for contact and address information. All the rules contained herein otherwise apply to the Violations Bureaus of both Morrow County Circuit Court and Umatilla County Circuit Court.
- 2. There are three primary ways a violation may be cited:
 - a. If the offense is a traffic matter that does not require mandatory appearance, the first appearance is before a clerk of the Violations Bureau.
 - b. If the offense is a non-traffic violation, the citation may direct the defendant to the Violations Bureau or may direct the defendant to an immediate court date for first appearance. The Violations Bureau <u>may accept oral pleas</u> or assist a defendant in entering a written plea to the court using the form provided on the Uniform Citation or the Court's Violation Plea form prior to the appearance date, or the defendant may appear at the court at the date and time set on the citation. Additionally, the citation may be subject to a new notice from the court directing appearance to the violations bureau.
 - c. If the offense is a misdemeanor treated as a violation by the prosecutor, ordinarily the defendant will only find this out after first appearance to the court for arraignment. If the defendant pleads not guilty and requests trial, then after the date of arraignment but before trial the defendant may submit a written plea to the Violations Bureau for processing to the

assigned Judge using the form provided on the Uniform Citation or the Court's Violation Plea form.

3. The Process

a. <u>Step 1: Entering a Plea</u>

- 1. Anyone who receives a traffic citation for a vehicle code offense must begin resolving the issue by entering a plea. Violations Bureau clerks will assist defendants in determining whether or not their citation requires a personal appearance before a judge or may be resolved before the Violations Bureau.
 - a. For most citations the plea must be entered with the Violations Bureau. The defendant must contact the court no later than the date to appear written on the citation and enter a plea on the charges in the citation. Whether the Violations Bureau has reduction authority or not, other violations than mandatory appearance are within the authority of the Violations Bureau to take a plea and so first appearance is with the Violations Bureau.
 - b. If the citation is for a violation that requires a mandatory appearance the plea may be entered at arraignment before a judge or may be submitted in writing to the court through the Violations Bureau prior to the date scheduled for appearance. The clerk will submit it to a judge for review.
 - i. The defendant is expected to appear personally in court regardless of submitting a plea or may hire an attorney to assist them (or motion the court for telephonic appearance).
- 2. If a defendant contacts the court to enter a plea prior to the court receiving the Uniform Citation, the Violations Bureau clerk will advise the defendant:
 - a. On vehicle code and other violations to contact the court again on or before the appearance date listed on the citation.
 - b. If the original citation is filed with the court after the appearance date listed on the citation, the defendant is advised that the Violations Bureau will mail a notice to them with a new date to

appear. The defendant may elect to deposit the presumptive fine amount with the court pending entry of the citation, but a plea cannot be accepted before the citation is filed.

- 3. If the citation was issued in Umatilla County, the defendant (person who received the ticket) may enter a plea:
 - a. In person at the Umatilla County Courthouse, Room 209, 216 SE 4th Street, in Pendleton, Oregon;
 - b. Due to COVID-19 reductions, appearances in person are not currently available at the Stafford Hansell Government Center, Room 201, 915 S.E. Columbia Drive, in Hermiston, Oregon;
 - c. By telephone at (541) 278-0341 x3230; or;
 - d. In writing to Violations Bureau, 216 SE 4th St., Pendleton, OR 97801.

Failing to enter a plea on or before the appearance date will result in a default judgment of conviction, imposition of a fine, and may result in suspension of driving privileges.

There are three (3) plea options detailed in the respective sections below. These include 'not guilty,' 'no contest,' and 'no contest with written explanation.'

4. Plea Options

A citation may have more than one charge or violation on it. There is a separate fine calculated for each charge. A defendant is not obligated to enter the same plea for each charge.

"Not Guilty"

If the defendant pleads 'not guilty' to a violation, they have the right to a trial by a judge – called a "bench trial." A defendant charged with a violation may choose to represent themselves or to be represented by an attorney at their own cost but does not have a right to a jury trial or to have courtappointed counsel.

"No Contest" or "No Contest with Explanation"

Although a plea of 'no contest' means the defendant is not admitting guilt, he or she is choosing not to contest/argue about the charge. A 'no contest' plea will result in conviction of the violation on the citation.

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The difference between a plea of "no contest' and a plea of 'no contest with explanation' is that the defendant has the opportunity to write a letter to the Violations Bureau explaining any mitigating circumstances that might impact the Court's decision regarding the penalty to be imposed. A plea of 'no contest' or 'no contest with explanation' will result in assessment of the presumptive fine or a reduced fine, if eligible, as described in Section __ above.

b. Step 2: Setting the Trial (if the plea is 'not guilty')

- 1. If the defendant pleads "not guilty' to a violation, they have the right to trial by a judge called a "bench trial." A defendant charged with a violation may be represented by an attorney at their own cost but does not have a right to a jury trial or to court-appointed counsel.
 - a. Defendants may ask the court for a trial by telephone appearance. This request must be submitted in writing. The court's website has a simple "motion and order" form to simplify the process of requesting appearance by telephone. The form is available at https://www.courts.oregon.gov/courts/umatilla/help/Pages/Forms.aspx under the "Criminal-Miscellaneous" drop-down.
 - b. If this request is granted, the defendant may call into the courtroom at the time scheduled for trial.
 - c. Defendants may ask the court for trial by declaration. A declaration is a written statement under penalty of perjury and is considered by a judge like sworn testimony. See Section IV for details on trials by declaration.
- 2. In most instances, a trial will be set soon after the 'not guilty' plea is received. The Violations Bureau will set trial at the trial location nearest the citing officer's primary work location. Once trial is set, the Violations Bureau will mail defendant a notice showing the date, time and courtroom where the trial will be held. Attorneys and officers will receive electronic notice.
- 3. If the defendant has failed to appear for a trial in the past, the defendant is required to deposit the amount of the presumptive fine written on the citation before a trial date is set. In this situation, the defendant will have fourteen (14) calendar days from the date the clerk mails the notice of the deposit requirement to complete payment of the presumptive fine in full or change their plea to 'no contest.' Failure to do so will result in the Violations

Bureau clerk entering a default conviction and imposing the presumptive fine and any mandatory suspension of driving privileges.

NOTE that a discretionary suspension period must be determined by a judge.

- 4. Except in the case of a trial by declaration, or an expressly approved order for telephonic appearance, the defendant must appear in person at a trial, or may choose to hire an attorney to appear with or for them. Failure to appear for the trial will result in a default judgment of conviction and imposition of a fine. Certain violations also result in a suspension of driving privileges for a period of time.
- 5. A defendant or officer may request one extension (continuance) of the trial date by telephone or in writing. The Violations Bureau clerk may grant the requested extension and will notify the other party and the assigned courtroom of the new date.
 - a. Any request for a second extension of the trial date must be made in writing to the courtroom assigned to hear the trial. The Violations Bureau may advise a party which courtroom will hear that specific case but may not grant a further extension to each party.
 - b. A proposed order for continuance should be included with the request, as a separate document, with any request for an additional extension. The order is a document on which the judge will write their decision about the motion for continuance.
 - c. The written letter must explain the reason for the extension.
 - d. In any case the request letter must be in writing and must be received by the court at least seven (7) calendar days prior to the date of trial.
 - e. Defendants may use the Motion and Order to Continue Violation Hearing form available on the court's website,
 - https://www.courts.oregon.gov/courts/umatilla/help/Pages/Forms.aspx under the "Criminal-Miscellaneous" drop-down to request a trial date change.
 - f. If the defendant is represented by an attorney, a copy of the motion and proposed order must be sent to the District Attorney. The request to the court must

- include proof (a certificate of service) that it was served on the District Attorney.
- g. The original trial date remains in place until and unless a judge determines that the request is granted. If a continuance is granted, the defendant must appear on the new date. Only one continuance per party will be allowed. Failure by the defendant to appear for the trial will result in a default judgment of conviction and imposition of a fine and may result in a suspension of driving privileges. The defendant will be sent notice by mail if they or the State are granted a continuance. Attorneys and officers will receive electronic notice.

c. Step 3: The Trial (if the plea is 'not quilty')

- 1. The defendant must appear in person at a trial or may choose to hire an attorney to appear with or for them. Failure to appear for the trial will result in a default judgment of conviction and imposition of a fine and may result in a suspension of driving privileges.
 - a. At trial, the defendant is subject to the statutory maximum fine for the offense.
- 2. If the defendant is represented at trial by an attorney, the attorney is required to electronically file a notice of representation with the court and serve a copy of the notice on the District Attorney's Office. The District Attorney may choose to assign a prosecutor to also appear and represent the State in the case.
- 3. Trials are scheduled to last 15 minutes unless the defendant or the officer has requested additional time, in writing, in advance. If the defendant is not present in court when the case is called a default conviction will be entered in the citation; if the citing officer is not present, the citation will be dismissed.
- 4. Trial consists of the officer who wrote the citation telling the judge his or her explanation of why the citation was issued. The defendant then has the opportunity to tell his or her side of the story. Each person testifies under oath and may present evidence and/or witnesses. The judge will then determine whether or not the officer has met the burden of proof required to convict the defendant of any or all of the charges.

- d. <u>Step 4: The Outcome Finding of 'Not Guilty' or Conviction at</u> Trial, or Plea of 'No Contest'
 - 1. Pleas of 'no contest' will result in entry of a conviction and notification to the Oregon DMV.
 - 2. Bench trials and trials by declaration have two possible outcomes for each charge in the citation. The judge may find the burden of proof has been met by the officer and issue a judgment of conviction for the charge or may find the burden of proof was not met by the officer and issue a judgment of dismissal for that count.
 - 3. If a charge is dismissed, any amount posted as bond will be applied toward the defendant's outstanding court debt, and the remaining balance will be refunded by mail.
 - 4. If a conviction is entered on any charge, one or more of the penalties explained below will apply.

e. Step 5: Penalties

- 1. The defendant will be sentenced to pay a monetary fine. The fine may be any amount up to the maximum for a violation of the statutory classification of the violation charged (A, B, C, D or Unclassified) as provided in law.
- 2. The defendant may also be sentenced to a mandatory or discretionary (judge's choice) suspension of driving privileges in addition to the monetary fine. Failure to appear, or to pay fines and fees as ordered, may also result in suspension of driving privileges.
- 3. See Section V for detailed payment options. If a defendant plans to plead 'no contest,' they should be encouraged to consider paying their ticket online at the Oregon Courts' ePay website:

 http://courts.oregon.gov/OJD/OnlineServices/ePay/Pages/index.aspx. There is a small processing fee for this service.
- 4. The defendant may be found liable for restitution for any damage caused to the victim. This situation typically applies to non-traffic violations.
 - i. The prosecutor has ninety (90) days after entry of judgment to file a motion (request) for restitution.
 - ii. The defendant will receive notification by mail if this occurs.

- iii. If the defendant does not accept the amount of restitution requested, they must notify the Violations Bureau within two weeks (14 days) of receiving notice of the motion for restitution.
- iv. If the Violations Bureau does not hear from the defendant within two weeks the amount of restitution requested by the prosecutor will be applied to the total financial obligation for the citation.
- 5. Some non-traffic violations may have other collateral consequences ordered by the court.

III. Special and Commercial Violation Categories

- 1. Tire Chains charged under ORS 815.140. Failure to use vehicle traction tires or chains pursuant to ORS 815.140 is a class C violation with a maximum fine of \$500.00 and a presumptive fine of \$165.00. A citation for this violation may be reduced by the Violations Bureau.
- 2. Commercial Motor Vehicle Chains. Pursuant to ORS 825.990(1) and OAR 740-100-0040 all commercial motor carriers are required to carry and to use chains when required as described in OAR chapter 734 division 17 rules (2020). Citations ordinarily will be entered as against the commercial motor carrier entity, rather than the driver, but the ORS controls.
 - a. Pursuant to ORS 825.990(1) incorporating OAR 740-100-0040 and the penalty describe in OAR 740-100-0100(3), failure to carry traction devices under ORS 825.990(1) and OAR 740-100-0040 is treated as a Class C Violation. This is further described in OAR 734-017-0012 and OAR 734-017-0015 (posting signs for whether to carry or use), and signs are described in OAR 734-017-0025. Presumptive fines apply, and the Violations Bureau cannot reduce.
 - b. Pursuant to ORS 825.990(1) incorporating OAR 740-100-0040, the <u>failure to use</u> chains when required is a Class A Violation. Minimum "use" is described in OAR 734-017-0010 and so if the use does not fit the minimum use definition then there would also be a failure to use. Presumptive fines apply, and these may not be reduced by the VB.
 - c. Nothing prohibits, however, citing Commercial Motor Carriers with a Class C Violation under ORS 815.140(1) for failure to use or failure to carry. That section applies specifically to the driver and states that a "person commits the offense of failure to use vehicle traction tires or chains if

the person drives or moves or owns and causes or knowingly permits to be driven or moved any motor vehicle or trailer on any highway if the highway is posted showing conditions that require vehicle traction tires or chains and the vehicle is not equipped with vehicle traction tires or chains that are required for the posted conditions." These may be reduced by the Violations Bureau.

- d. When filing these citations, if not cited under ORS 814.140, clerks will check the citation to determine whether the allegation as to FAILURE TO USE or FAILURE TO CARRY (or words to that effect) is clear on the face of the citation. After that the clerk will determine whether the citation charges ORS 825.990(1), which for court purposes will imply OAR 740-100-0040, or if OAR 740-100-0040 is cited, which implies ORS 825.990(1) for court purposes.
 - i. If the citation reflects OAR 740-100-0040 and/or ORS 825.990(1) and reflects FAILURE TO CARRY or FAILURE TO USE, then the clerk will note FAILURE TO CARRY as a Class C Violation or FAILURE TO USE as a Class A Violation.
 - ii. If the citation is unclear, then the clerk will consult with the supervisor or judge.
- 3. Commercial Motor Vehicle No Chains Accident Enhancement. Under current law, there is no change to the presumptive fine for a failure to use chains when the failure was a substantial contributing factor in causing an accident or when it created substantial risk of injury to another person. If Violations Bureau clerks determine that there was an accident and that the defendant has a history of violations, the judge will be advised so that the judge can consider whether the presumptive fine is appropriate or whether a trial should be required or a higher fine assessed in lieu of trial.

IV. Trial by Declaration

A trial by declaration (sworn statement) consists of the defendant and the officer submitting their sworn statements on a form such as the sample provided on the circuit court website. If the defendant requests a trial by declaration and qualifies for this process future in-person court appearances may not be necessary.

A fillable sample form is available on the Court's website at https://www.courts.oregon.gov/forms/Documents/UMA-TrialDeclaration.pdf

NOTE: If the defendant does not qualify for a trial by declaration, they must comply with the process for a bench trial if pleading 'not guilty' to the charges in the citation.

- 1. If the defendant qualifies for a trial by declaration, they will be given a date by which the declaration must be received at the Court. The Violations Bureau will advise the defendant if they may have a trial by declaration and the date by which their declaration must be received.
 - The declaration is a sworn statement that explains the circumstances of the violation(s) with which the defendant was charged. This is the defendant's only chance to present their side of the case to the judge. The law enforcement officer who issued the citation will also have the opportunity to file a declaration in support of the charge(s).
- 2. Upon receiving the sworn statements of both the defendant and the officer, a judge will make a decision based on the declarations and relevant laws.
- 3. The Violations Bureau will notify the defendant of the judge's decision by mail. If the verdict is 'guilty' the defendant will be notified of the date by which the fine must be paid in full or arrangements made for a payment plan if eligible, and of any suspension of driving privileges that are imposed. See Section V below for payment options.

V. Payment Options

The Violations Bureau may accept payment of fines and fees for conviction by plea, trial or default of traffic and non-traffic violations in the following ways:

1. Payments.

As provided herein, pleas of 'no contest' or pleas of 'not guilty' where the defendant has failed to appear on any charge in the past must be accompanied by full payment of the presumptive fine written on the traffic citation. Payment must be in United States funds and as detailed below:

- f. Payment by mail with a written plea should be by personal check or money order (ORS 153.061(3)(b)). If the defendant has had an insufficient funds transaction in the past, a personal check may not be accepted.
- g. Payment in person may be by cash, check or money order, or credit or debit card (ORS 1.005) bearing the Visa®,

 MasterCard® or Discover® logo. If the defendant has had an insufficient funds transaction in the past, a personal check may not be accepted.

- h. Payment over the telephone at (541) 278-0341 or online (see "j" below) may be by credit or debit card bearing the Visa®, MasterCard® or Discover® logo.
- i. Returned checks for insufficient funds, closed account or any other reason will result in assessment of an "NSF Check" fee of \$35.00 (ORS 21.258(1); CJO 12-028).
- j. <u>Online Payments</u>. Persons pleading 'no contest' or who have already been convicted of a violation are encouraged to use the Oregon Judicial Department's online payment service called "Courts ePay" at https://www.courts.oregon.gov to register their plea by making their payment. A small processing fee is assessed for this service.

2. Payment Plans.

Upon a plea of 'no contest' or a judgment of conviction a defendant with no delinquent court debt may:

- a. Request establishment of a monthly payment plan in which the fine and fees must be paid in full within a set period of time. Entering into a time payment plan with the circuit court will result in a required payment plan fee (see #3 below); or
- b. Request deferral for not more than twenty-five (25) days. There is no additional fee if the fine is paid in full within twenty-five (25) days of entering a 'no contest' plea.

NOTE: Failure to remain current with a payment plan will result in imposition of the additional fee described in #4 and may result in a suspension of driving privileges.

3. <u>Payment Plan Fees</u>. If your account is not paid in full within twenty-five (25) days, an additional assessment will be added to your account as follows (ORS 1.202(1)). Remaining balance of:

✓ \$1 - \$149.99
 ✓ \$150 - \$399.99
 ✓ \$400 or more
 \$200 fee

4. <u>Delinquent Payments</u>. If payment arrangements are not made or if your account is delinquent forty-five (45) days beyond the payment due date, the account will be turned over to a collection agency and an additional 28% collection assessment recovery fee will be added to your account (ORS 1.202(2)). The clerk should remind anyone entering on a payment plan that it is their responsibility to ensure their account is current. The court will not send "payment due" reminders, nor is the court responsible for any mail delays, etc.

5. <u>Special Provision for Payment Plans after License Suspension</u>. Clerks of the Violations Bureau are authorized to establish a payment schedule for payment of fines and fees in certain circumstances for cases covered by this order where one suspension has been previously imposed for failure to pay fines.

At the written request of the defendant, a clerk may allow a onetime opportunity for a defendant to remove the suspension on a conviction or all self-identified convictions with a payment schedule. No citations with more than a single suspension may be bundled together under this provision. Where neither the court nor a collector has lifted a suspension previously, the clerk may establish a new payment schedule. When the initial payment and the license suspension reinstatement fee have been paid, the clerk will lift the license suspension. This may occur only once in a specific case, but may be done for each case the defendant has been suspended in this jurisdiction.

The defendant must make all payments timely and remain current on the payment plan. In the event of a subsequent suspension for failure to remain current on this payment plan, no further relief will be permitted on any conviction covered in the payment plan. The defendant must pay the entire amount owed in full prior to removal of the license resuspension.

If a defendant is in custody at the time of the application, then the clerk may establish a due date for the first payment accommodating the defendant's expected release date. For an in-custody defendant, the clerk will submit the appropriate order to the judge for signature.

A subsequent citation for Driving While Suspended where the underlying conviction occurred less than a year previously the suspension may not be lifted.

Payment plans established under this special provision must provide for full payment of the debt within 12 calendar months of the first payment date of the plan. The minimum payment for a payment plan under this section is \$100 per month.

The payment plan fee referenced in Section IX(3) above is applicable to establishment of a payment plan under this special provision.

VI. Appeal from a Default Judgment

A judge may consider granting relief from a default judgment under this Presiding Judge Order as follows:

1. A defendant against whom a default judgment is entered may file a motion for relief from default judgment, within a reasonable time, not to exceed one year after the entry of default (ORS 153.105).

Reauthorization of Sixth Judicial District Violations Bureau

- 2. The court requires a written motion for relief, accompanied by an affidavit or declaration setting forth facts which demonstrate that the failure to appear or to exercise one of the options described in this Presiding Judge Order, was due to mistake, inadvertence, surprise or excusable neglect. At the time the motion for relief is filed, the defendant must pay to the court the balance of any amount of the fine imposed in the judgment still owing. The payment requirement may be waived or deferred per Judicial Department and court policy, subject to filing an Application & Declaration for Deferral or Waiver of Fees. A motion for relief cannot be filed until the payment is made, deferred or waived. The court may rule on the motion without a hearing or may require the defendant to appear and present oral argument.
- 3. If relief is granted, and if driving privileges have been suspended, all costs related to reinstatement of privileges with DMV are still required to be paid by the defendant to the DMV if required by that agency.

In the Matter of the Adoption of the)	CHIEF JUSTICE ORDER
Uniform Fine Schedule for Violations)	No. 17-085
))))	ORDER ESTABLISHING NEW UNIFORM FINE SCHEDULE FOR VIOLATIONS FILED IN CIRCUIT COURTS AND SUPERSEDING PRIOR UNIFORM FINE SCHEDULE AND ADDENDUM FOR
	ý	VIOLATIONS

ORS 153.800 directs the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court to establish a uniform fine schedule for violations prosecuted in circuit courts. A circuit court may establish a Violations Bureau, which has authority over violations pursuant to ORS 153.800. Felonies and misdemeanors are not subject to the authority of a Violations Bureau.

This order revises the fine schedule established by Chief Justice Order No. 12-022 to update fine amounts in accordance with Oregon Laws 2017, chapter 712 (HB 2797), removes a reference to an offense that no longer exists, and updates a statutory reference. This order also incorporates the addendum to the fine schedule established by CJO No. 17-014, which provides that a Violations Bureau may impose an additional local surcharge amount when authorized by the Chief Justice under the process set forth by Oregon Laws 2016, chapter 78 (HB 4093). Otherwise, the fine schedule established in CJO No. 12-022 remains the same.

Therefore, pursuant to ORS 1.002 and ORS 153.800, I HEREBY ORDER:

- 1. The Violations Bureau has authority over any violation, except as provided in subsection 6 of this order and except as prohibited by local order or procedure adopted in accordance with subsections 7 and 10 of this order.
- 2. The Violations Bureau may presume that the presumptive fine is the amount the officer writes on the citation
- 3. The Violations Bureau shall reduce the fine for a violation to the amount shown below in Chart 1 if:
 - a. The offense is a state law violation in the Vehicle Code, including state parking violations;
 - b. The offense is a Class A, B, C, or D violation;
 - c. The Violations Bureau has authority over all of the charges on the citation or complaint as permitted under this order;
 - d. The defendant requests a reduction in the amount of the fine;
 - e. The Violations Bureau reviews the defendant's driving record that shows at least the three (3) years preceding the date of the current incident. If the defendant does not have an Oregon driving record that covers the past three (3) years, the defendant must provide the Violations Bureau with a copy of driving record from the state in which he or she is licensed or was previously licensed; AND

f. The defendant's combined driving record shows no more than two (2) prior convictions in the three (3) years preceding the date of the current incident. Convictions from the current incident do not count towards the total number of prior convictions.

If the defendant is convicted of multiple offenses resulting from a single incident and qualifies for a reduction under paragraphs 3a through 3f, the Violations Bureau shall apply the same reduction to each offense for which the defendant is convicted.

CHART 1:

Classified Traffic Violations	Presumptive Fine	No Prior Convictions in Last 3 Years	1-2 Prior Convictions in Last 3 Years
Standard Traffic Violation			
(1) Class A violation	\$440	\$225	\$335
(2) Class B violation	\$265	\$135	\$200
(3) Class C violation	\$165	\$85	\$125
(4) Class D violation	\$115	\$65	\$90
Traffic Violation in Special Zone (Highway Work Zone, Posted School Zone, Safety Corridor)			
(5) Class A violation	\$875	\$440	\$660
(6) Class B violation	\$525	\$265	\$395
(7) Class C violation, speed only	\$325	\$165	\$245
(8) Class D violation, speed only	\$225	\$115	\$170

- 4. A circuit court's Violations Bureau may incorporate and impose the additional local surcharge amount when authorized by the Chief Justice Order under the process set forth by Oregon Laws 2016, chapter 78 (HB 4093).
- 5. The Violations Bureau has authority over but cannot impose a fine lower than the presumptive fine amount on any of the following:
 - a. Classified traffic violations that do not meet the criteria for reduction under subsection 3 of this order;
 - b. Specific fine violations, including but not limited to snow park and driving at a speed of 100 mph or greater;
 - c. Violations of wildlife laws and rules under ORS chapters 496, 497, 498, and 501;
 - d. Violations of commercial fishing laws and rules under ORS chapters 506, 507, 508, 509, 511, and 513;
 - e. Schedule I, II, and III vehicle overweight violations under ORS chapter 825;
 - f. Federal motor carrier laws;
 - g. Violations of boating laws and rules under ORS chapter 830;

- h. A citation issued to a corporation; and
- i. Any other violation not listed in this order.
- 6. The Violations Bureau does not have authority over a complaint or citation that includes one or more of the following:
 - a. A violation where the presumptive fine is not included or is not legible;
 - b. Careless driving under ORS 811.135 involving the serious physical injury or death of a vulnerable user of a public way, as the defendant is required to personally appear per ORS 153.061(2); and
 - c. A misdemeanor treated as a violation under ORS 161.566 or 161.568. This prohibition does not apply to a misdemeanor charge changed to an offense that is a violation.
- 7. A circuit court may establish by order a Violations Bureau schedule for violation of ordinances of a political subdivision, pursuant to, but not limited to, ORS 153.025.
- 8. Except as provided in subsection 7 of this order, a circuit court may not issue an order regarding a Violations Bureau that contradicts this order.
- 9. Nothing in this order is intended to limit the authority of a judge to impose a greater or lesser amount of financial obligation upon conviction in an individual case where allowed by law.
- 10. Nothing in this order is intended to limit the ability of a circuit court to adopt local orders or procedures requiring the personal appearance by particular defendants or by all defendants in specified categories of offenses in accordance with ORS 153.061(5).
- 11. Effective January 1, 2018, this order supersedes Chief Justice Order No. 12-022, dated March 27, 2012, and Chief Justice Order No. 17-014, dated May 3, 2017. The fine schedule is the same as the schedule established by Order No. 12-022, except that this schedule updates the fine amounts in accordance with Oregon Laws 2017, chapter 712 (HB 2797), removes a reference to an offense that no longer exists, and updates a statutory reference. This order also incorporates the addendum to the fine schedule established by CJO No. 17-014, which provides that a Violations Bureau may impose an additional local surcharge amount when authorized by the Chief Justice under the process set forth by Oregon Laws 2016, chapter 78 (HB 4093).
- 12. This order applies to offenses committed on or after January 1, 2018.

Dated this _____ day of December, 2017.

Thomas A. Balmer Chief Justice

2020 "SCHEDULE OF FINES" ON VIOLATIONS (SOF-20)

PRESUMPTIVE, MINIMUM, AND MAXIMUM AMOUNTS FOR VIOLATION OFFENSES IN OREGON

EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020

Office of the State Court Administrator Oregon Judicial Department

ABOUT THE SCHEDULE

Effective Date: This "schedule of fines" (SOF-20) supersedes SOF-18 and all previous fine schedules and summaries for violations committed on or after January 1, 2020.

Changes to Previous Schedule (SOF-18): SOF-20 reflects the following substantive changes from SOF-18:

- Updates offense descriptions and adds the presumptive, minimum, and maximum fine amounts for boating offenses related to an aquatic invasive species permit pursuant to Oregon Laws 2019, chapter 154 (HB 2076) and Oregon Laws 2019, chapter 507 (SB 47).
- Adds the presumptive, minimum, and maximum fine amounts related to the new offenses of failure to drain waiter from a motor boat before transport in Oregon Laws 2019, chapter 154, section 2 (HB 2076) and unlawfully providing single-use plastic bags to customers in Oregon Laws 2019, chapter 434, section 4 (HB 2509).

Purposes: OSCA is publishing SOF-20 as a helpful guide for courts and law enforcement. The schedule is not a substitute for reading the actual law.

SOF-20 provides summarized information on:

- the amount a citing enforcement officer must enter on the citation in the place designated for "presumptive fine" when charging a person with a violation offense under **state** law, regardless of the court the officer cites the person to appear in; and
- the minimum and maximum amounts courts can impose on conviction.

The presumptive fine is the amount the defendant can pay to resolve the violation offense without having to do anything else, unless the law or the court requires the defendant to appear (see ORS 153.061). The court can impose a higher fine, up to the maximum statutory sanction, if the law or the court requires the defendant to appear.

Offenses Included: SOF-20 includes amounts for Class A, B, C, and D violations and common "specific fine violations."

Local Surcharges (Jefferson County and Multnomah County): Pursuant to Chief Justice Orders 16-026 and 16-030, in accordance with the process set forth in ORS 1.188, there is a \$5 surcharge on each fine assessed by a circuit court for traffic offenses as defined in ORS 801.555(2) and parking ordinances in Jefferson and Multnomah Counties.

What Presumptive Fines Are Not/Do Not Do: The presumptive fines listed in SOF-20:

- are **not** bail, security-release amounts, or security-release deposit amounts; they do not affect security-release procedures under ORS 135.265;
- do not include any moneys for restitution or costs; and
- do not apply to misdemeanors or felonies.

Where to Find Schedules: SOF-20 and earlier schedules are posted in PDF on the Oregon Judicial Department's website—<u>www.courts.oregon.gov</u>.

- Click on Forms/Rules/Fees.
- Click on the Court Fees tab.

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
2020 Schedule of Fines on	Presumptive	Minimum	Maximum Fine	Maximum Fine
Violations (SOF-20)	Fine	Fine	(Individuals)	(Corporations)
· · ·		[153.021]	[153.018(2)]	[153.018(3)]
Standard [153.019]	* 1.10		4	• • • • •
(1) Class A violation	\$440	\$225	\$2,000	\$4,000
(2) Class B violation	\$265	\$135	\$1,000	\$2,000
(3) Class C violation	\$165	\$85	\$500	\$1,000
(4) Class D violation	\$115	\$65	\$250	\$500
*Local Surcharge Counties (example: Multnomah, Jeffe	rson) add \$5 to fine an	mounts in each colu	umn (trattic ottenses and	parking only).
Traffic Violation in				
Special Zone [153.020]	Ф075	Φ005	40.000	04.000
(5) Class A violation	\$875	\$225	\$2,000	\$4,000
(6) Class B violation	\$525	\$135	\$1,000	\$2,000
(7) Class C violation, speed only	\$325	\$85	\$500	\$1,000
(8) Class D violation, speed only	\$225	\$65	\$250	\$500
*Local Surcharge Counties (example: Multnomah, Jeffe	rson) add \$5 to fine an	mounts in each colu	umn (trattic ottenses and	parking only).
Tobacco and Alcohol				
(9) A Viol. OLCC licensee furnishing alcohol to	D.4.40	4005	Φο οοο	# 4.000
a minor, 471.410(6), <u>first offense</u>	\$440	\$225	\$2,000	\$4,000
(10) SF Viol. OLCC licensee furnishing alcohol				
to a minor, 471.410(6), second offense (third		•		
or subsequent is a Class A misd.)	\$860	\$172	\$2,000	\$2,000
(11) A Viol. Allow minor to consume alcohol on	D.4.40	#	# 0.000	# 4.000
property, 471.410(10), <u>first offense</u>	\$440	\$225	\$2,000	\$4,000
(12) SF Viol. Allow minor to consume alcohol				
on property, 471.410(10), second or	#4.000	#000	#0.000	#0.000
subsequent offense	\$1,000	\$200	\$2,000	\$2,000
(13) SF Traffic Viol. Refusal to take test for intoxicants, 813.095	\$650	\$130	\$2,000	\$2,000
(14) SF Viol. Sell tobacco or inhalant delivery	Ţ Ţ	ψ.00	ΨΞ,σσσ	ΨΞ,000
system to a person under 21, 167.755(2)(a)	\$10	\$2	\$50	\$2,000
(15) SF Viol. Sell tobacco or inhalant delivery				
system to a person under 21, 167.755(2)(b)(A),				
manager/supervisor, first or second offense	\$50	\$10	\$250	\$2,000
(16) SF Viol. Sell tobacco or inhalant delivery	400	.		+-,000
system to a person under 21, 167.755(2)(b)(B),				
manager/supervisor, third or subsequent				
offense	¢100	¢ 20	¢ E00	ድ ጋ በበበ
(16) SF Viol. Sell tobacco or inhalant delivery	\$100	\$20	\$500	\$2,000
system to a person under 21,				
167.755(2)(c)(A), <u>owner, first or second</u>				
offense	¢100	¢ 20	¢ E00	ድ ጋ በበበ
(17) SF Viol. Sell tobacco or inhalant delivery	\$100	\$20	\$500	\$2,000
, ,				
system to a person under 21, 167.755(2)(c)(B),	#200	640	#4 000	<u></u> የዓ. ዓ.ዓ.ዓ
owner. third or subsequent offense	\$200	\$40	\$1,000	\$2,000
*Local Surcharge Counties (example: Multnomah, Jeffe	rson) add \$5 to fine an	mounts in each colu	umn (traffic offenses and	parking only).

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
2020 Schedule of Fines on Violations (SOF-20)	Presumptive Fine	Minimum Fine [153.021]	Maximum Fine (Individuals) [153.018(2)]	Maximum Fine (Corporations) [153.018(3)]
Special Traffic Violations				
(14) SF Traffic Viol. Speeding 100 mph or greater, 811.109(5)	\$1,150	\$230	\$2,000	\$2,000
(15) A Traffic Viol. Careless driving, serious injury or death of vulnerable user, 811.135(3)	N/A must appear	N/A	\$12,500	\$12,500
(16) SF Traffic Viol. Unlawful parking in a winter recreation parking area, 811.590	\$30	\$6	\$2,000	\$2,000
(17) SF Traffic Viol. Bicycle helmet, 814.485 and 814.486	\$25	\$5	\$2,000	\$2,000
(18) SF Traffic Viol. Motor-assisted scooter helmet, 814.534 and 814.536	\$25	\$5	\$2,000	\$2,000
(19) SF Traffic Viol. Skateboarder, scooter rider, in-line skater helmet, 814.600	\$25	\$5	\$25	\$25
*Local Surcharge Counties (example: Multnomah, Jeffe	rson) add \$5 to fine ar	nounts in each col	umn (traffic offenses and	l parking only).
OverweightSchedule I [818.430(1)]				
(20) 1,000 or less	\$100	\$20	\$2,000	\$2,000
(21) 1,001 - 2,000	\$150	\$30	\$2,000	\$2,000
(22) 2,001 - 3,000	\$200	\$40	\$2,000	\$2,000
(23) 3,001 - 5,000	\$300	\$60	\$2,000	\$2,000
(24) 5,001 - 7,500	(a) * 0.15	(b) * 0.20	\$2,000	\$2,000
(25) 7,501 - 10,000	(a) * 0.16	(b) * 0.20	\$2,000	\$2,000
(26) 10,001 - 12,500	(a) * 0.20	(b) * 0.20	amt in (b)	amt in (b)
(27) 12,501 and over	(a) * 0.24	(b) * 0.20	amt in (b)	amt in (b)
*Local Surcharge Counties (example: Multnomah, Jeffe	rson) add \$5 to fine ar	mounts in each col	umn (traffic offenses and	parking only).
OverweightSchedule II [818.430(2)]				
(28) 100 - 5,000	\$200 + (a) * 0.10	(b) * 0.20	\$2,000	\$2,000
(29) 5,001 - 10,000	\$350 + (a) * 0.15	(b) * 0.20	\$2,000	\$2,000
(30) 10,001 - and over	\$600 + (a) * 0.30	(b) * 0.20	amt in (b)	amt in (b)
*Local Surcharge Counties (example: Multnomah, Jeffe	rson) add \$5 to fine ar	nounts in each coll	umn (trattic offenses and	parking only).
OverweightSchedule III [818.430(4)]				
(31) 100 - 5,000	\$200 + (a) * 0.15	(b) * 0.20	\$2,000	\$2,000
(32) 5,001 - 8,250	\$350 + (a) * 0.20	(b) * 0.20	\$2,000	\$2,000
(33) 8,251 - 10,000	\$350 + (a) * 0.20	(b) * 0.20	amt in (b)	amt in (b)
(34) 10,001 - and over *Local Surcharge Counties (example: Multnomah, Jeffe.	\$500 + (a) * 0.30	(b) * 0.20	amt in (b)	amt in (b)
Local Surcharge Counties (example: Multinoman, Jeffel	ison) aud \$5 to tine an	nourits in each coll	unin (trainic offenses and	parking only).

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
2020 Schedule of Fines on Violations (SOF-20)	Presumptive Fine	Minimum Fine [153.021]	Maximum Fine (Individuals) [153.018(2)]	Maximum Fine (Corporations) [153.018(3)]
Miscellaneous Other Violations				
(35) SF Viol. Scrap metal business violation, 165.117, <u>first through third offense</u>	\$1,000	\$200	\$2,000	\$2,000
(36) <u>SF Viol.</u> Scrap metal business violation,165.117, <u>fourth or subsequent offense</u>	\$5,000	\$1,000	\$5,000	\$5,000
(37) SF Viol. Unlawful air pollution in the second degree, 468.936	\$5,000	\$1,000	\$25,000	\$25,000
(38) D Viol. Livestock running at large, 607.045 and 607.992(3), first offense (second or subsequent is a Class B viol.)	\$60	\$60	\$250	\$500
(39) D Viol. Operating a sailboat that is at least 12 feet in length w/o aquatic invasive species permit, 830.565 and 830.990(1)	\$115	\$65	\$250	\$500
(40) D Viol. Operating motor boat w/o aquatic invasive species permit, 830.565 and 830.990(1)	\$50	\$50	\$250	\$500
(41) D Viol. Failure to drain water from motor boat before transport, Or Laws 2019, ch 154, sec 2 (HB 2076) and 830.990(1)	\$50	\$50	\$250	\$500
(42) <u>D Viol.</u> Unlawfully providing single-use plastic bags to customers. Or Laws 2019, ch 434, sec 4 (HB 2509)	\$115	\$65	\$250	\$250
*Local Surcharge Counties (example: Multnomah, Jefferson) add \$5 to fine amounts in each column (traffic offenses and parking only).				

OSCA-OGC/kd/12-18-2019

Sixth Judicial District Non-Traffic Violations List

· · ·	11. 11. 11. (/ 11.)				
Instruction	Use this general list of 'generally' non-traffic violations for general reference.				
	Look to SOF-20 for specifics of schedule of fines for 2020. If a defendant <u>must</u>				
	appear to court, this means that they either appear in person or by written plea				
	using courts form or the Uniform Citation. <u>Mandatory appearance</u> cases, being				
	just those in the Chief Justice Order, Truancy and Ordinances, must appear in				
	court at the time set. Defendant can ordinarily pay the presumptive fine with a				
	No Contest plea to the VB or plead No Contest and submit a statement in				
	explanation for the judge to consider for a reduction; or plead Not Guilty and				
	receive a court date for trial (or ask for trial by declaration or by telephone).				
	However, judge may not reduce past the minimum fine in ORS 153.021, or 20%				
	of other specific fine offense, or other as required by other law; and may				
	determine from history of the defendant that the presumptive fine is				
	inadequate, require trial or a higher fine to be paid in lieu of trial. ORS				
	153.061(5). Staff may advise defendants of the minimum, presumptive (which				
	they can pay to the VB), and maximum fine, and that the judge may decide to				
	require trial if a higher amount is not paid based on any history the defendant				
	may have— in deciding whether to submit a statement in mitigation —				
	explanation with a no contest plea. Staff are entitled to rely on the presumptive				
	amount of the fine as set forth on the uniform citation by a law enforcement				
	•				
	officer. However, if the amount is higher than the actual, then the VB is				
Off T	authorized to use the correct presumptive amount.				
Offense Types	Alcohol, Drugs, Tobacco – ORS 471				
	Boating offenses - ORS 830;				
	Burning and fire offenses – ORS 477;				
	Dogs and domestic animals, Livestock – ORS 609;				
Offense Types	Wildlife – ORS 496; 498; 501; 506				
	For ORS 496; 498 - When alleged with a culpable mental state the offense is a				
	Class A Misdemeanor – that means that the DA has prepared a formal				
	information of misdemeanor as the Uniform Citation does not reflect a mental				
	state. The DA may prepare a formal complaint but still treat the case as a				
	Violation. If filed by UC, court staff can presume that any wildlife offense under				
	chapter 496 and 498 are violations and under ORS 496.992(15) there is no				
	privileges suspension for a Violation. For outright violations using the UC – for				
	penalties see ORS 496.992, in summary, unless otherwise noted: A violation of a				
	provision of the wildlife laws, or a rule adopted pursuant to the wildlife laws,				
	that <u>does not involve the taking of wildlife</u> is a Class D violation. A violation of a				
	provision of the wildlife laws, or a rule adopted pursuant to the wildlife laws,				
	that involves the taking of wildlife, other than nongame mammals and game				
	birds, is a Class A violation. A violation of a provision of the wildlife laws, or a				
	rule adopted pursuant to the wildlife laws, that <u>involves the taking of nongame</u>				
	mammals or game birds is a Class C violation if the offense is committed without				
	a culpable mental state. A violation of a provision of the wildlife laws, or a rule				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	adopted pursuant to the wildlife laws, that <u>involves the size or quantity limits for</u>				
	salmon, steelhead trout and sturgeon is a Class A violation. A violation of a				
	provision of the wildlife laws, or a rule adopted pursuant to the wildlife laws,				
	relating to the size or quantity limits for fish or shellfish, is a Class C violation if				
1	the offense is committed without a culpable mental state. A violation of the				

	nonresident licensing provisions of ORS 497.102 or 497.121 is a Class A violation if the offense is committed without a culpable mental state. A violation of ORS 496.994 is a Class A violation if the offense is committed without a culpable mental state. A violation of ORS 498.136, 498.142 or 498.146 is a Class A violation if the offense is committed without a culpable mental state.			
ORS	Offense Code and Description	Degree List	Notes	
506.895	Aid/Assist in Violation of Commercial Fishing Laws	VA - Violation Class A	ORS 506.991(2) as A Vio. – all related fish or products are forefeited	
496.695	Aiding Assisting Counseling or Sharing in the Proceeds of a Wildlife Violation	VA - Violation Class A	Look to the offense being aided as that offense classification applies to the aid-assist viol.	
496.695	Aiding Assisting Counseling or Sharing in the	VC - Violation		
	Proceeds of a Wildlife Violation	Class C		
496.695	Aiding, Assisting Counseling or Sharing in the Proceeds of a Wildlife Violation	VD - Violation		
496.994	Obstructing the taking of wildlife prohibited. A person commits the offense of obstructing the taking of wildlife if the person, having no right to do so, interferes with the lawful taking, or the process of taking, of wildlife by another with the intent to prevent the taking. Class A Misdemeanor if DA charged.	VA - Violation Class A with UC without culp mental state		
498.065	Aim Firearm from Moving Vehicle During Hunting Season	VD - Violation Class D	Repealed 1969. If cited with this, the VB shall dismiss the citation.	
471.410(10)(a)	Allow Underage Person Consume	VA - Violation		
SEE SOF-20	Alcohol/Remain on Prop - 1st Offense	Class A		
471.410(10)(b) SEE SOF-20	Allow Underage Person Consume Alcohol/Remain on Prop - 2nd or Subsequent Offense	VS - Violation Specific Fine	\$1000 presumptive	
830.345(1)	Anchoring Boat Obstructing Passageway	VB - Violation Class B		
498.032	Angle/Hunt or Offer to Angle/Hunt for Compensation	VD - Violation Class D		

497.415	Apply for or Obtain License/Tag/Permit While	VD - Violation	
	Revoked	Class D	
830.235	Backfire Device Requirements Violation	VB - Violation Class B	
020 025	Doot Hull Identification Number Violeties		
830.825	Boat Hull Identification Number Violation	VC - Violation Class C	
830.215(3)	Boat Operator or Passenger Fail to Wear	VB - Violation	
630.213(3)	Flotation Dev	Class B	
830.230(1)	Boat Sound Signaling Device Requirements	VD - Violation	
030.230(1)	Violation	Class D	
830.780	Boat w/o Proper Display of Valid/Effective ID	VD - Violation	
	Number	Class D	
830.340	Boating Navigation/Right-of-Way Violation	VB - Violation	
		Class B	
477.515(4)	Burning in Violation of Permit Rules - First	VD - Violation	
	Offense - ORS 477.515(4) incorporates rules	Class D	
	under the State Board of Forestry and the		
	Department of Environmental Quality, and does		
	not create an offense on its own.		
477.515(4)	Burning in Violation of Permit Rules - Second	VC - Violation	
	Offense	Class C	
477.515(4)	Burning in Violation of Permit Rules - Third	VA - Violation	
	Offense	Class A	
478.930(2)	Burning Waste Materials/Trash w/o Permit	VD - Violation	
		Class D	
477.515(1)	Burning Without a Permit - First Offense	VD - Violation	
		Class D	
477.515(1)	Burning Without a Permit - Second Offense	VC - Violation	
		Class C	
477.515(1)	Burning Without a Permit - Third Offense	VA - Violation	
		Class A	
508.040	Buying or Receiving Food Fish from Unlicensed	VA - Violation	
	Person	Class A	
166.663	Casting Light from a Vehicle While Possessing	VB - Violation	
	Weapons	Class B	
475B.376	Delivery or Poss/Manuf with Intent to	VB - Violation	SDMP/M
1755.576	Delivery of 1 033/ Width With Intent to		
.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Sell/Deliver MJ Paraphernalia to Person Under 21	Class B	
498.036	,	Class B VA - Violation	
	Sell/Deliver MJ Paraphernalia to Person Under 21		
	Sell/Deliver MJ Paraphernalia to Person Under 21	VA - Violation	

609.060	Dog Running at Large — This offense is based on a county ordinance for dog at large.	VB - Violation Class B	UMA does not have an ordinance and notice for this statute. If citation is filed, dismiss the citation until ordinance is created (if ever).
609.095	Dog as Public Nuisance: chase, damages property, scatters garbage, trespasses, noise, in heat and running at large, potentially dangerous dog;	VB Violation Class B	Potential collateral orders
609.098	Maintaining Dangerous Dog. — inflicts serious injury; or acts as potentially dangerous dog; EXCEPT (3)(a) is a Class A Misdemeanor (look for treatment as a Violation and Restitution issues); (3)(b) kills a person is a felony. If the defendant is the keeper then court must order that the dog must be killed in a humane manner.	Class A misdemeanor – look for violation treatment (VA)	Potential collateral orders – Must appear to court; staff should look for restitution requests. If there is a restitution request then in court appearance is required.
609.100	County or City dog license enforcement. If county or city has a dog license requirement then this is the enforcement statute.	VB – Violation Class B	Potential collateral orders
609.169	Keeping dog with knowledge that it has harmed livestock	VB – Violation Class B	Potential collateral orders
PERSON with a DOG – Restitution or impoundment fees	DAMAGES, RESTITUTION AND IMPOUND FEES. A person with a dog (probably is also a KEEPER), under ORS 609.990(5) In addition to any fine or sentence imposed under this section, a court may order a person who violates ORS 609.060 (2), 609.095, 609.098, 609.100, 609.169 or 609.405 to pay restitution for any physical injury, death or property damage caused by the dog as a result of the keeper's violation of ORS 609.060 (2), 609.095, 609.098, 609.100, 609.169 or		For violations, the court allows the statutory period for restitution recovery (90 days from judgment) by filed motion for a person

	609.405. The court may also order the person to		or the state or
	pay the cost of keeping the dog in impoundment.		officer to file
	<u></u>		to request
			these
			supplemental
			orders.
DOG KEEPER	RESTRAINTS, RESTRICTIONS, DESTRUCTION.		For violations,
	"Keeper" means a person who owns, possesses,		the court
	controls or otherwise has charge of a dog, other		allows the
	than kennel or entity under ORS 609.035(4), In		statutory
	addition to any fine imposed or restitution		period for
	ordered of a keeper for a violation of ORS		restitution
	609.060 (2), 609.095, 609.100, 609.169 or		recovery (90
	609.405, then the court may impose reasonable		days from
	restrictions on the keeping of the dog to ensure		judgment) by
	the safety or health of the public. The keeper		filed motion
	must pay the cost of complying with reasonable		for a person
	restrictions. As used in this subsection,		or the state or
	"reasonable restrictions" may include, but is not		officer to file
	limited to, sterilization. If the dog is a potentially		to request
	dangerous dog, the court may order the dog		these
	killed in a humane manner.		supplemental
	Killed III a Halliane Hallinet.		orders.
607.365	Drive Animal from Range - Viol	VB - Violation	oracis.
007.303	Drive Ammar Hom Range - viol	Class B	
167.830	Employ Minor in Place of Public Entertainment	VD - Violation	
107.030	Employ Willion III I lace of Fabilite Effect animent	Class D	
497.441	Engage in Activity While License/Tag/Permit Is	VD - Violation	
1371112	Revoked	Class D	
659A.413	Fail to Allow Use Employee Toilet to Person	VD - Violation	
05571.415	w/Condition	Class D	
87.007(3)	Fail to Comply w/ Residential Property Sale	VA - Violation	
07.007(3)	Notice Req	Class A	
686.455	Fail to File Report - Suspected Aggravated Animal	VA - Violation	
000.433	Abuse	Class A	
508.535	Fail to Keep Record of Fish Rec'd or Allow Record	VA - Violation	
308.333	Insp	Class A	
122 050	Fail to Provide Employment Place Free of	VA - Violation	
433.850.	·	Class A	
475.079	Smoke/Aerosols/Inhalants		
475.978	Fail to Record Sale/Transfer Methyl Sulfonyl	VA - Violation	
020.710	Methane	Class A	
830.710	Fail to Rpt Boat Transfer/Abandon/Destr or	VD - Violation	
4624.040(4)	Change of Address	Class D	
163A.040(4)	Fail to Sign and Return Address Verification –	VB - Violation	
222 222/11	pertaining to ORS 163A.035(4).	Class B	
830.998(1)	Fail to Stop for Inspection - Aquatic Invasive	VD - Violation	
	Species	Class D	

	T =	T	I
596.460(1)	Failing to Keep Diseased Livestock Within an Enclosure	VA - Violation Class A	
676.150(6)	Failing to Report Prohibited Conduct	VA - Violation	
		Class A	
163.577	Failing to Supervise a Child – this includes (1) (c)	VA - Violation	Must go to
	for failing to attend school, so this element	Class A	truancy court
	should be a truancy cite, and they must appear		if cited under
	to truancy court if cited under (1)(c) Fails to		163.577(1)(c)
	attend school as required under ORS 339.010.		
830.335	Failure of Boat Operator to Keep Proper Lookout	VB - Violation	
		Class B	
830.094	Failure to Carry/Present Boating Safety	VD - Violation	
	Certificate	Class D	
163.580.	Failure to Display Sign Stating That Sale of	VB - Violation	
	Smoking Devices to Persons Under 18 is	Class B	
	Prohibited		
433.365(1)	Failure to Inoculate Dog Against Rabies	VB - Violation	
		Class B	
497.022	Failure to Issue License/Tag/Permit in	VD - Violation	
	Accordance with Rules	Class D	
508.540	Failure to Keep/Submit Records Pay Fish/Wildlife	VA - Violation	
	Fees	Class A	
830.785	Failure to Make Proper Application for ID	VC - Violation	
	Number	Class C	
830.475(4)	Failure to Perform Duties of Witness to Boat	VC - Violation	
	Accident	Class C	
830.795(2)	Failure to Properly Place Validation Stickers on	VB - Violation	
	Boat	Class B	
830.944(1)	Failure to Remove an Abandoned Vessel	VA - Violation	
		Class A	
478.930(1)	Failure to Remove Hazards after inspection by	VD - Violation	VB may
	district inspection officer (and written notice), or	Class D (ORS	process a
	failure to comply with fire district code adopted	478.990)	citation and
	under ORS 478.910. There is no posted evidence		rely on the
	that a fire district in Umatilla County has adopted		citation
	a fire prevention code under ORS 478.910/.920		without
	as a predicate to a citation under 478.930(1),(2),		regard to the
	though FD1 has a burn policy.		predicate
			requirements.
480.085	Failure to Remove Unused Explosives	VB - Violation	
		Class B	
837.060(2)	Failure to Renew Aircraft Registration	VA - Violation	
		Class A	
830.480	Failure to Report a Boating Accident	VC - Violation	
		Class C	
733.345(1)	Failure to Report an Animal Bite	VB - Violation	
		Class B	

419B.010	Failure to Report Child Abuse	VA - Violation
	Tanana ta mapana anna maasa	Class A
124.060	Failure to Report Elder Abuse	VA - Violation
	'	Class A
508.530	False Reports/Violation of Fish/Wildlife Rules	VA - Violation
		Class A
477.710	Fire Spread Prevention Violation - First Offense	VD - Violation
		Class D
477.710	Fire Spread Prevention Violation - Second	VC - Violation
	Offense	Class C
477.710	Fire Spread Prevention Violation - Third Offense	VA - Violation
		Class A
163.197(2)(a)	Hazing	VA - Violation
		Class A
163.197(2)(b)	Hazing	VB - Violation
		Class B
497.308	Holding Wildlife Without a Permit or Violating	VA - Violation
	Terms of Permit	Class A
497.308	Holding Wildlife Without a Permit or Violating	VC - Violation
	Terms of Permit	Class C
498.126	Hunt or Locate Game Animals or Birds by Aircraft	VD - Violation
		Class D
501.015	Hunt/Trap Wildlife on a Wildlife Refuge	VD - Violation
		Class D
501.005	Hunting During Suspension of Season/Fire	VD - Violation
100 130	Danger C. History (5 and 145 and 145 April 145	Class D
498.120	Hunting on Cultivated/Enclosed Land of Another	VD - Violation
400 150	Hunting/Transing in Cartain Covernmental	Class D VD - Violation
498.158	Hunting/Trapping in Certain Governmental Districts	Class D
830.830(6)	Improper Display of Boat Dealer/Manufacturer ID	VB - Violation
830.830(0)	Number	Class B
498.146	In/Near Vehicle Possess Weapon/Shining Light on	VA - Violation
430.140	Animals - See ORS 496.992(9)	Class A
609.169	Keeping a Dog that Injured or Killed Livestock	VB - Violation
003.203	Recping a bog that injured of kined investorik	Class B
610.045	Keeping Coyote in Captivity	VA - Violation
	masping as years in superiory	Class A
837.090	Landing Aircraft on Highway/Public Park/Public	VA - Violation
	Grounds	Class A
508.300	Landing Albacore Tuna Without a License	VA - Violation
		Class A
830.560	Launch Boat w/Aquatic Species Ext/Invasive	VB - Violation
	Species Int	Class B
601.140	Leaving Carcass of Domestic Animal Unburied	VD - Violation
		Class D

607.045	Livestock at Large - 1st Vio	VD - Violation	
SEE SOF-20		Class D	
607.045	Livestock at Large - Prior Vio	VB - Violation	
SEE SOF-20		Class B	
609.095	Maintaining a Dog That Is a Public Nuisance	VB - Violation	
		Class B	
419B.016	Making a False Report of Child Abuse	VA - Violation	
		Class A	
167.770	Failure to post under age 21 prohibition sign	VA –	
		Violation	
		Class A	
167.785	Minor in Possession of Tobacco or Inhalant	VD - Violation	MIPTB
	Delivery System	Class D	167.785
471.420(1)	Minor purchase or attempt to purchase alcohol, possession of alcohol	Class B Vio	
471.420(3)	Minor entering licensed premises	Class B Vio	
471.430(4)(b)	Minor Possessing Alcoholic Beverages While	VA - Violation	
	Operate MV	Class A	
471.430(5)	MIP - With (1),(3) or (4), AND misrepresentation of age, then court can order community service; and under (1) driving privileges shall be suspended under ORS 809.260 and 809.280; and (6) - under (1), (3), (4) upon default, suspension of driving privileges; and or with conviction, court can order assessment and treatment under ORS 471.432, and SHALL order it if they have a prior conviction.	Misreprsent Age is Class A violation	For all of 471.420 - If defendant has a prior MIP then Must Appear to Court; if no prior then can pay presumptive and will receive notice of license suspension, and any treatment orders issued by the court. License suspension must go to judge for
		VB - Violation	action.
	Minor Purchase/Attempt to	VB - VIOIATION	
MPTO	Minor Purchase/Attempt to Purch/Acquire/Possess Tobacco		
MPTO 830.370(1)	Purch/Acquire/Possess Tobacco	Class B	
MPTO 830.370(1)			

830.360	Motorboat Operator Allow Person to Ride/Sit	VB - Violation	
	Proh Sect	Class B	
830.240	Motorboat Ventilating Systems Requirements	VC - Violation	
	Violation	Class C	
509.370	Net Salmon in International Waters of Pacific	VA - Violation	
	Ocean	Class A	
496.994	Obstructing the Taking of Wildlife	VA - Violation	
		Class A	
497.268	Occupational License Holder Refusing Inspection	VD - Violation	
		Class D	
390.678	Ocean Shore Zones for Motor Vehicle/Aircraft	VA - Violation	
	Use	Class A	
471.410(6)(b)(A)	OLCC Licensee Furnishing Alcoholic Liquor to an	VA - Violation	
(// // /	Underage Person - 1st Offense	Class A	
471.410(6)(b)(B)	OLCC Licensee Furnishing Alcoholic Liquor to an	VS - Violation	\$860
(-)(-)	Underage Person - 2nd Offense	Specific Fine	presumptive
830.362	Operate Motorboat w/ Person Hold On/Occupy	VB - Violation	processing
	Aft Section	Class B	
498.153	Operate/Park Motor Vehicle in Violation of	VA - Violation	
130.133	Restrictions	Class A	
830.185	Operating a Boat in Violation of Speed	VB - Violation	
030.103	Restrictions	Class B	
830.300.	Operating a Boat in Violation of Statutory	VB - Violation	
030.300.	Provisions	Class B	
830.810(1)	Operating a Boat Without a Certificate of Title	VD - Violation	
030.010(1)	operating a Boat Without a certificate of Title	Class D	
390.729	Operating a Class I ATV on Ocean Shore Without	VA - Violation	
330.723	a Permit	Class A	
830.345(2)	Operating Boat in Bathing/Swimming Area	VB - Violation	
000.0 10(2)	Speciating Boat in Batting, Swimming, and	Class B	
830.245	Operating Boat in Tidewater w/o Required Safety	VC - Violation	
030.2 13	Devices	Class C	
830.770(1)	Operating Boat w/o Certificate Number	VD - Violation	
030.770(1)	operating boat w/o certificate Namber	Class D	
830.775(1)	Operating Boat w/o Certificate of	VB - Violation	
030.773(1)	Registration/Decals	Class B	
830.565	Operating Manually Propelled Boat-No Inv	VD - Violation	\$115
SEE SOF-20	Species Permit	Class D	presumptive
830.210	Operating/Permitting Operation of Improperly	VB - Violation	presumptive
030.210	Equip Boat	Class B	
830.355	• •	VB - Violation	
030.333	Overloading Boat	Class B	
UD 2076	Eail to drain water from motor heat before		\$50.00
HB 2076	Fail to drain water from motor boat before	VD- Violation	· -
SEE SOF-20	transport	Class D	presumptive
390.990	Park and Recreation Violation –	VA - Violation	Look for a
	a person commits a Class A violation if the person	Class A	recitation of
	violates: (1)		the

		I	1
	(a) ORS 390.678 (prohibited zone for vehicles		subcategory
	and aircraft)		for the
	(b) Any rule adopted under ORS 390.124.		offense, but
	(c) Any rule adopted under ORS 390.340.		overall it's the
	(d) ORS 390.729.		same as a
	(e) Any rule adopted under ORS 390.845.		Class A unless
	For speeding in a park the fine is the same as –		(2) speeding
	(2) ORS 811.109 for violation of a specific speed		and then
	limit imposed under law or violation of a posted		should be the
	speed limit.		presumptive
			under 811.109
390.990	Parks & Rec Rule ViolClass B	VB - Violation	
		Class B	
390.990	Parks & Rec Rule ViolClass C	VC - Violation	
		Class C	
390.990	Parks & Rec Rule ViolClass D	VD - Violation	
		Class D	
498.102	Permitting Dog to Hunt Run or Track Game Bird	VC - Violation	
		Class C	
498.102	Permitting Dog to Hunt Run or Track Game	VA - Violation	
	Mammal	Class A	
167.785	Person Under 18 Years of Age Possessing	VD - Violation	
	Tobacco or Inhalant Delivery System	Class D	
475B.316(2)	Person Under 21 Entering or Attempting to Enter	VB - Violation	
	Premises	Class B	
MEMJP	Person Under 21 Entering or Attempting to Enter	VB - Violation	
	Premises	Class B	
475B.316(3)(b)	Person Under 21 Possessing Marijuana Item	VA - Violation	
	While Operating Motor Vehicle	Class A	
PMJMV	Person Under 21 Possessing Marijuana Item	VA - Violation	
	While Operating Motor Vehicle	Class A	
475B.316(1)	Person Under 21 Possessing/Attempting to	VB - Violation	
	Purchase/Purchase Marijuana Item	Class B	
MIPMJ	Person Under 21 Possessing/Attempting to	VB - Violation	
	Purchase/Purchase Marijuana Item	Class B	
471.430(1)	Person under 21 Purchase or Possess Alcoholic	VB - Violation	
	Beverage	Class B	
830.215(1)	Personal Flotation Device Requirements Violation	VB - Violation	
		Class B	
509.125	Place Substance in Water to Drive Fish from	VA - Violation	
	Closed Area	Class A	
509.031	Poss Game Fish Incidentally Taken During Comm	VA - Violation	
	Fishing	Class A	
498.228	Possess/Import Fish Taken Outside of State	VA - Violation	
	Boundaries	Class A	
509.105	Possess/Import/Transport Fish Taken in Another	VA - Violation	
	State	Class A	

475.306(2)	Possess/Store Cannabinoid Extract in Public View	VB - Violation	
473.300(2)	Possessy store Carmabilloid Extract III Public View	Class B	
CXPV	Possess/Store Cannabinoid Extract in Public View	VB - Violation	
CXPV	Possess/Store Cannabinoid Extract in Public View	Class B	
F00 160	Deceasing Calling Trading or Distributing Charle		
509.160.	Possessing, Selling, Trading or Distributing Shark	VA - Violation	
475 752/2\/-\	Fins	Class A	
475.752(3)(e)	Possession Controlled Substance in Schedule V	VB - Violation	
554	D	Class B	
PP4	Possession of >4 and <=8 Marijuana Plants	VB - Violation	
000 044(0)		Class B	
830.944(2)	Possession of a Derelict Vessel	VA - Violation	
		Class A	
498.242	Possession of Live Walking	VA - Violation	
	Catfish/Caribe/Piranha	Class A	
475B.306(1)	Produce/Process/Possess/Store Marijuana in	VB - Violation	
	Public View	Class B	
MJPV	Produce/Process/Possess/Store Marijuana in	VB - Violation	
	Public View	Class B	
477.512	Prohibited Acts During a Fire Season	VA - Violation	
		Class A	
508.500	Prohibited Conduct Regarding Licenses and	VA - Violation	
	Permits	Class A	
497.400	Prohibited Conduct Regarding Licenses Tags and	VD - Violation	
	Permits	Class D	
498.046	Prohibitions - Toxic Substances Accessible to	VD - Violation	
	Wildlife	Class D	
181A.995	Providing Private Security Services w/o	VA - Violation	
	Certificate	Class A	
498.022	Purchase Sale or Exchange of Wildlife or Wildlife	VA - Violation	
	Part	Class A	
498.022	Purchase Sale or Exchange of Wildlife or Wildlife	VC - Violation	
	Part	Class C	
509.130	Put Substance/Explosive in Water to	VA - Violation	
	Take/Destroy Fish	Class A	
837.374	Reckless Interference of Unmanned Aircraft	VA - Violation	RIUAA?
	System with Aircraft	Class A	
830.315(2)	Reckless Operation of Boat - Speed	VB - Violation	
,		Class B	
830.365	Reckless Waterskiing/Surfboarding/Similar	VB - Violation	
	Activities	Class B	
497.036	Refuse Inspection of License Tag Permit or	VD - Violation	
	Wildlife	Class D	
162.245	Refusing to Assist a Peace Officer	VB - Violation	
102.273	The resulting to resist a reduce Officer	Class B	
162.255	Refusing to Assist in Fire-Fighting Operations	VB - Violation	
102.233	herasing to Assist in the righting operations	Class B	
		Class D	

498.052	Releasing Domestically-Raised or Out-of State Wildlife	VD - Violation Class D	
498.042	Removal/Parts of a Wildlife Carcass/Wasting	VA - Violation	
490.042	Wildlife	Class A	
498.042	Removal/Parts of a Wildlife Carcass/Wasting	VC - Violation	
	Wildlife	Class C	
501.035	Remove/Alter Wildlife Refuge Hunting/Trapping	VD - Violation	
	Signs	Class D	
506.220	Remove/Destroy Closed Water	VA - Violation	
	Monuments/Markers	Class A	
498.136	Restrictions on Hunting from a Motor-Propelled	VA - Violation	
	Vehicle - See ORS 496.992(9)	Class A if by	
	. ,	UC.	
498.142	Restrictions on Hunting with Artificial Light – See	VA - Violation	
	ORS 496.992(9).	Class A	
600.150	Restrictive Confinement of a Pregnant Pig	VA - Violation	
		Class A	
165.114(4)	Sale of Educational Assignments/Preparation	VA - Violation	
	Asst	Class A	
165.114(5)	Sale of Educational Assignments/Preparation	VS - Violation	Fine max up
103.114(3)	Asst w/Prior	Specific Fine	to \$10,000.00.
	7.656 471 1161	Specific Fine	Must appear
			to court.
165.117	Scrap Metal Business Violation	VS - Violation	Presumptive is
SEE SOF-20	Scrap Wetar Business Violation	Specific Fine	\$1000.00, but
3LL 301 20		Specific Fine	with 3 prior
			convictions its
			\$5000.00. (sec
			7).
498.029	Sell/Trade/Barter/Exchange Fox/Skunk/Raccoon	VA - Violation	ORS 498.993,
430.023	as Pet	Class A	if defendant is
	dsict	Class A	a entity then
			fine max is
			\$10,000.00
			and describes
			a specific fine
			violation.
			Must appear
			to court.
167.755	Selling Tobacco Products/Inhalant Delivery	VS - Violation	Person:
SEE SOF-20	Systems to a Person Under 21 -	Specific Fine	presumptive is
322 301 20	Systems to a reason officer 21	Specific Fine	\$10 under
	Fine depends on the classification of the		(1)(a)or (b);
	defendant as just a person (like employee), a		Manager –
	manager or supervisor, or owner, with graduated		supervisor of
	fines based on that status.		retail
	Citation should reflect named PERSON or ENTITY.		business, 1-2d
	Citation should reflect fidilled PENSON OF ENTITY.	1	Dusiliess, 1-20

	SEE SOF-20 for specifics.		violation, \$50
	ORS 167.755(1)(a) or (b) for a person as to – (a)		presumptive;
	tobacco or (b) inhalant delivery;		3d or subsq
	ORS 167.755(c) – manager or supervisor		\$100
	ORS 167.755(d) - owner		presumptive
509.025	Selling/Transporting Food Fish Taken by Angling	VA - Violation	
		Class A	
530.050	State Forestry Rule Violation	VA - Violation	
		Class A	
607.510	Stock at Large on Hwy - Viol	VB - Violation	
		Class B	
607.261	Stock at Large on Range - Vio	VB - Violation	
		Class B	
517.990(5)	Surface Mining Cause Harm to Health or	VS - Violation	Sec (1) use
	Environment –	Specific Fine	Class A
	(1) 517.990(1) operating without a permit is		presumptive.
	a Class A violation.		Sec 2, 3, 4 and
	(2) violation of any provision of ORS 517.750		5 must appear
	to 517.901 is a Class A Violation.		to court
	(3) violation of ORS 517.910 to 517.989 has		
	a max fine of \$10,000 (must appear to		
	court)		
	(4) violation ORS 517.910 to 517.989, max		
	fine of \$10,000 (must appear to court)		
	(5) – causes substantial harm to human		
	health or the environment while: does not have a		
	permit, is violating an operating permit or plan.		
511.016	Take Striped Bass - Commercial Use from State	VA - Violation	
	Waters	Class A	
509.510	Take/Disturb Shellfish - Marked Beds	VA - Violation	
	· ·	Class A	
509.600	Take/Injure/Destroy Fish Near Fishway	VA - Violation	
		Class A	
498.026	Take/Transact in Threatened or Endangered	VA - Violation	
	Species	Class A	
498.026	Take/Transact in Threatened or Endangered	VC - Violation	
.50.020	Species	Class C	
508.116	Taking Intertidal Animals by Permit Without a	VA - Violation	
300.110	License	Class A	
509.365	Taking Salmon by Net in Oregon Ocean Waters	VA - Violation	
303.303	Taking Junion by Net in Oregon Ocean Waters	Class A	
498.002	Taking, Angling, Hunting, or Trapping in Violation	VA - Violation	
- 70.002	of Wildlife Law or Rule	Class A	
498.002		VC - Violation	
430.UUZ	Taking, Angling, Hunting, or Trapping in Violation of Wildlife Law or Rule	Class C	
400 002			
498.002	Taking, Angling, Hunting, or Trapping in Violation	VD - Violation	
	of Wildlife Law or Rule	Class D	

508.025	Taking/Processing/Dealing in Food Fish Without License	VA - Violation Class A	
509.375	Transport/Possess Salmon Netted in Prohibited	VA - Violation	
303.373	Waters	Class A	
498.216	Trespass on or Angle from or Too Close to a	VD - Violation	
490.210	-	Class D	
020.250	Fishway		
830.350	Trying/Testing Racing Motorboat in Prohibited	VB - Violation	
474 400(0)	Area	Class B	
471.430(3)	Underage Person Enter/Attempt to Enter	VB - Violation	
	Prohibited Area	Class B	
509.011	Unlawful Acts During Closed Season	VA - Violation	
		Class A	
468.936	Unlawful Air Pollution in the Second Degree	VS - Violation	\$5000.00
SEE SOF-20		Specific Fine	presumptive
			and Max fine is \$25,000.
498.006	Unlawful Chasing/Harassing/Disturbing Wildlife	VD - Violation	
	G, G, G	Class D	
166.630.	Unlawful Discharge or Attempt to Discharge a	VB - Violation	
	Weapon	Class B	
477.550	Unlawful Entry into a Restricted Forestland Area	VD - Violation	
	,	Class D	
475B.227(3)	Unlawful Import or Export of a Marijuana Item	VB - Violation	
1755.227(5)	Chiaman import or Export of a mangadia term	Class B	
IEMV	Unlawful Import or Export of a Marijuana Item	VB - Violation	
121414	Chiawtai import of Export of a Marijaana item	Class B	
IEMJ	Unlawful Import or Export of Marijuana Item	VB - Violation	
ILIVIS	Onlawful import of Export of Warijuana item	Class B	
UASPP	Unlawful Operation of an Unmanned Aircraft	VA - Violation	UASPC?
UASEE	System Over Private Premises - Prior Conviction	Class A	837.370(3)(b)
UASP	Unlawful Operation of Unmanned Aircraft	VB - Violation	UASPV?
UASP	·		
475 227/2\/-\	System Over Private Premises	Class B	837.370(3)(a)
475.337(3)(a)	Unlawful possession by person 21 years of age or	VB - Violation	PMJVB?
PMVB	older.	Class B	
	Unlawful Possession of a Marijuana Item - having		
	not more than allowed – 475B.337(a)-(f)		2.0.0.22
476.735	Unlawful Release of a Sky Lantern –	VA - Violation	SKYLR?
RSKYL	"sky lantern" means an unmanned self-contained	Class A	476.735
	luminary device that uses heated air produced by		
	an open flame or produced by another source to		
	become or remain airborne.		
508.550	Unlawful Sale of Food Fish from License Holder's	VA - Violation	
	Boat	Class A	
509.006	Unlawful Take/Possess/Buy/Sell/Handle Food	VA - Violation	
	Fish	Class A	
496.996	Unlawful Taking of Wildlife - Decoy	VD - Violation	
		Class D	

167.343	Unlawful Tethering	VB - Violation Class B	
508.240	Unlawful to Take/Keep/Sell Fish for Commercial	VA - Violation	
509.120	Purposes Unlawful Use - Electric Device Disturb Movement	Class A VA - Violation	
477.740	of Fish	Class A	
477.740	Unlawful Use of Fire - First Offense	VD - Violation Class D	
477.740	Unlawful Use of Fire - Second Offense	VC - Violation Class C	
477.740	Unlawful Use of Fire - Third Offense	VA - Violation	
167.808(5)(a)	Unlawful Use or Possession of an Inhalant	Class A VC - Violation Class C	
164.383	Unlawfully Applying Graffiti	VA - Violation Class A	
167.765	Unlawfully Locating Tobacco Products or Inhalant Delivery Systems in an Area Accessible by Customers	VB - Violation Class B	
TIAL	Unlawfully Locating Tobacco Products or Inhalant Delivery Systems in an Area Accessible by Customers	VB - Violation Class B	
164.386	Unlawfully Possessing a Graffiti Implement	VC - Violation Class C	
10.080(1)	Unlawfully Seeking Placement on a Jury or Jury List	VB - Violation Class B	
167.780	Unlawfully Selling/Dispensing Tobacco Products or Inhalant Delivery Systems from a Vending Machine	VB - Violation Class B	
837.372	Unmanned Aircraft System Near Critical Infrastructure Facility	VA - Violation Class A	UACI
830.305	Unsafe Operation of a Boat	VA - Violation Class A	
506.226	Use Electric Current/Shock to Capture Adult Salmonids	VA - Violation Class A	
498.208	Use Electricity or Foreign Substance to Take Game Fish	VA - Violation Class A	
509.230	Use Illegal Fish Gear In/Outside State Jurisdiction	VA - Violation Class A	
498.112	Use Live Bird Targets for Competitive Shooting	VD - Violation Class D	
508.030	Use of Fishing Gear Without Possession of a License	VA - Violation Class A	
811.482	Use of Marijuana in a Motor Vehicle	VB - Violation Class B	UMJMV
509.415	Use of Unlawful Crabbing Gear	VA - Violation Class A	

		•	
509.235	Using Chinese Sturgeon Line	VA - Violation	
		Class A	
475B.381	Using Marijuana Item in a Public Place	VB - Violation	
		Class B	
830.180	Using Motorboat on Waters Where Prohibited	VB - Violation	
		Class B	
508.775	Viol of Columbia River Salmon Gillnet Fishery	VA - Violation	
	Perm Regs	Class A	
497.248	Viol of Private Hunting Preserve License/Record	VD - Violation	
	Regs	Class D	
509.040	Viol Prohibitions re Small Immature or Spawning	VA - Violation	
303.040	Salmon	Class A	
F06 001/2\		VA - Violation	
506.991(2)	Violate Commercial Fish Laws w/o Culpable		
000 000(0)	Mental State	Class A	
830.990(2)	Violating a Boating Law or Rule	VD - Violation	
		Class D	
830.990(3)	Violating a Boating Law or Rule	VC - Violation	
		Class C	
830.990(4)	Violating a Boating Law or Rule	VB - Violation	
		Class B	
830.990(5)	Violating a Boating Law or Rule	VA - Violation	
, ,		Class A	
609.100	Violating Dog License Requirement	VB - Violation	Look to ORS
		Class B	498.102(4) for
		0.000	dog unlawfully
			hunting.
830.090	Violating Requirements for Operation of a	VD - Violation	manting.
050.050	Motorboat by a Minor	Class D	
517.790	Violating Surface Mining Permit Requirement	VA - Violation	
517.790	violating Surface Minning Permit Requirement		
500.000	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Class A	
508.260	Violation Boat License/Decal Commercial	VA - Violation	
	Fish/Shellfish	Class A	
508.312	Violation Commercial Bait Fishing License	VA - Violation	
	Requirements	Class A	
508.235	Violation Commercial Fishing License	VA - Violation	
	Requirements	Class A	
508.945	Violation of Black/Blue Rockfish Permit and Gear	VA - Violation	
	Regs	Class A	
390.851	Violation of Boat Activity Pass on the Deschutes	VC - Violation	
	River	Class C	
508.926	Violation of Dungeness Crab Fishery Permit	VA - Violation	
	Regulations	Class A	
477.993(1)(a)	Violation of Fire Prevention Statutes or Rules	VD - Violation	
.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	violation of the frevention statutes of fales	Class D	
477 002/1\/h\	Violation of Fire Prevention Statutes or Rules	VC - Violation	
477.993(1)(b)	violation of fire Frevention Statutes of Rules		
		Class C	

477.993(1)(c)	Violation of Fire Prevention Statutes or Rules	VA - Violation	
496.146	Violation of Fish and Wildlife Commission Rules	Class A VD - Violation	
		Class D	
508.306	Violation of Fish Bait Dealer License	VA - Violation	
	Requirements	Class A	
497.252	Violation of Fish Propagation License or Record	VD - Violation	
	Requirements	Class D	
509.110	Violation of Food Fish Shipment Record	VA - Violation	
	Requirements	Class A	
497.218	Violation of Fur Dealer License or Record	VD - Violation	
	Requirements	Class D	
497.360	Violation of Hunter Safety Certificate	VD - Violation	
	Requirement	Class D	
497.075	Violation of Non-Resident Wildlife License	VA - Violation	
= 50 000(4)	Requirements	Class A	
569.990(1)	Violation of Noxious Weed Requirements	VB - Violation	
500,000	William Co., Billiam Fill B. W.	Class B	
508.880	Violation of Ocean Pink Shrimp Fishery Permit	VA - Violation	
F00 004	Regs	Class A	
508.801	Violation of Ocean Troll Salmon Fishery Permit	VA - Violation	
4750 440(2)	Regs	Class A	
475B.448(2)	Violation of OLCC Marijuana Rules	VC - Violation Class C	
VMR	Violation of OLCC Marijuana Pulas	VC - Violation	
VIVIK	Violation of OLCC Marijuana Rules	Class C	
498.406	Violation of Outdoor Club Laws by an Individual	VA - Violation	
	· ·	Class A	
498.406	Violation of Outdoor Club Laws by Other Than	VS - Violation	ORS 498.993 -
	Individual –	Specific Fine	Class A
	Statute differentiates between a charged person		violation by a
	or an entity. A person may pay the presumptive;		person (use
	whereas an entity must appear to court.		presumptive
			fine); by an
			entity, max
			fine of
			\$10,000
			(entity must
			appear to
			court).
508.106	Violation of Permit for Carp and Other Nongame	VA - Violation	
	Fish	Class A	
830.225	Violation of Requirements for Lighting on Boats	VB - Violation	
		Class B	
561.993	Violation of Requirements on Agriculture	VD - Violation	
	Products	Class D	

497.298	Violation of Scientific Taking Permit	VD - Violation	
	Requirements	Class D	
830.175	Violation of State Marine Board Regulations	VB - Violation	
		Class B	
497.238	Violation of Taxidermy License or Record	VD - Violation	
	Requirements	Class D	
469.990(2)	Violation of Weed Control Requirements	VA - Violation	
		Class A	
497.075	Violation of Wildlife License/Tag/Permit	VD - Violation	
	Requirements	Class D	
497.228	Violation of Wildlife Propagation License or	VD - Violation	
	Record Requirements	Class D	
509.112	Wasting or Destroying Food Fish	VA - Violation	
		Class A	
357.975	Willfully or Maliciously Detaining Library	VB - Violation	
	Materials	Class B	
HB 2509	Unlawfully providing single use bags to	VD –	Presumptive
SEE SOF-20	customers	Violation	\$115
		Class D	