

safe children

supportive communities

strong families





SCOTUS Parent's Rights and Parental Fitness Cases:

Meyer v. Nebraska (1923): Due process clause protects right to "establish a home and bring up children"

Prince v. Massachusetts (1944): BUT limits on those rights – *Parens Patriae*

Stanley v. Illinois (1972): All parents are entitled to hearing on fitness before removal of children

Santosky v. Kramer (1982): The State registers no gain towards its declared goals when it separates children from the custody of fit parents.

Troxel v. Granville (2000): Fit parents are deemed to act in children's best interests



OR State Constitutional Analysis

The legislature has announced that it is "the policy of the State of Oregon to guard the **liberty** interest of **parents** protected by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution," and, further, that the dependency statutes are to be "construed and applied" consistently with the requirements of the federal constitution. ORS 419B.090(4).

Under the Fourteenth Amendment, a **parent**'s **liberty** interest in **parenting** his child is broad, and encompasses "the fundamental right of **parents** to make decisions concerning the care, custody, and control of their children." <u>Troxel v. Granville</u>, 530 U.S. 57, 66, 120 S.Ct. 2054, 147 L.Ed.2d 49 (2000).

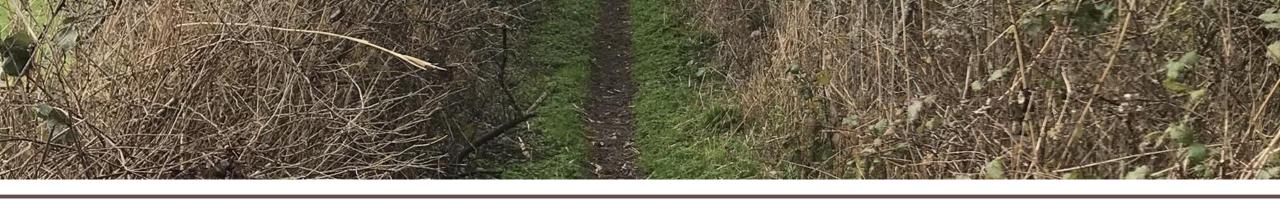
Department of Human Services v. L.L.S., 290 Or.App 132 (2018)



OR State Constitutional Analysis

"Juvenile courts administering [dependency] statutes act in *parens* patriae, focusing on family unity and the best interests of the child. *Dept of Human Svc v J.L.J. 233 Or.App 544 (2010)*

It is the policy of the State of Oregon to safeguard and promote each child's right to safety, stability and well-being and to safeguard and promote each child's relationships with parents, siblings, grandparents, other relatives and adults with whom a child develops healthy emotional attachments. ORS 419B.090(3)



Strict Scrutiny

Least Intrusive

Narrowly Tailored

Compelling Government Interest

Nine-year-old gets off the bus can't get into the apartment; they're wandering around upset.

Child is encountered by a neighbor in the complex, then parents arrive about 1/2 hour later. Obviously, they've been drinking.

They went to renew father's driver's license and the bus was running late, so they had a couple beers while they waited.

The father notes that his father recently passed away unexpectedly, and it's been really difficult dealing with that but they're back now and they want to take the child into the home and resume their evening.

They walk in, the child turns and looks back - looking sad.

Does the Constitution allow the government to intervene in every family that make us feel uncomfortable?



Sacred - Emotional - Personal - Primal



Parenting is a core human function and behavior.

But we need to notice...

What is at stake when abuse or neglect are identified?











ME 1





Decision fatigue

Lack of food or sleep

Stress

Time pressures

Fear of error

Vicarious trauma

Lack of values congruency

Lack of information

Cross cultural communication

Applying Compassion in Child Welfare

 Compassion is a response to suffering, and is a desire to alleviate that suffering, or not add to it



- Suffering is difficult emotions or feelings that one does not want to have or is not allowed to have
- •Compassion = empathy + humility (the suffering and the alleviating is defined by the one experiencing the pain)
- Our feelings and emotions are valid, always in action and we must be aware of these as they interplay



Accountability as a Check on MAE

Prior to investigation and analysis

Builds careful, critical thinking

Creates caution against pre-judgment, assumptions

Safety Assessment

- Gathering Information
- Foundation for Case Analysis

Safety Plans

- Based on Safety Assessment
- In-Home
- Out-of-Home

Conditions for Return – (October)

- Based on Safety Assessment
- Foundation for Case Plan

Assessing Safety in Family Time - (October)

- Building Visitation Structure That Provides Safety in Context of Visits
- Articulate Plan for Reduction of Supervision, Increase Time, and Least-Restrictive Environment Possible

Case Plans, Progress, and Ongoing Safety Assessment

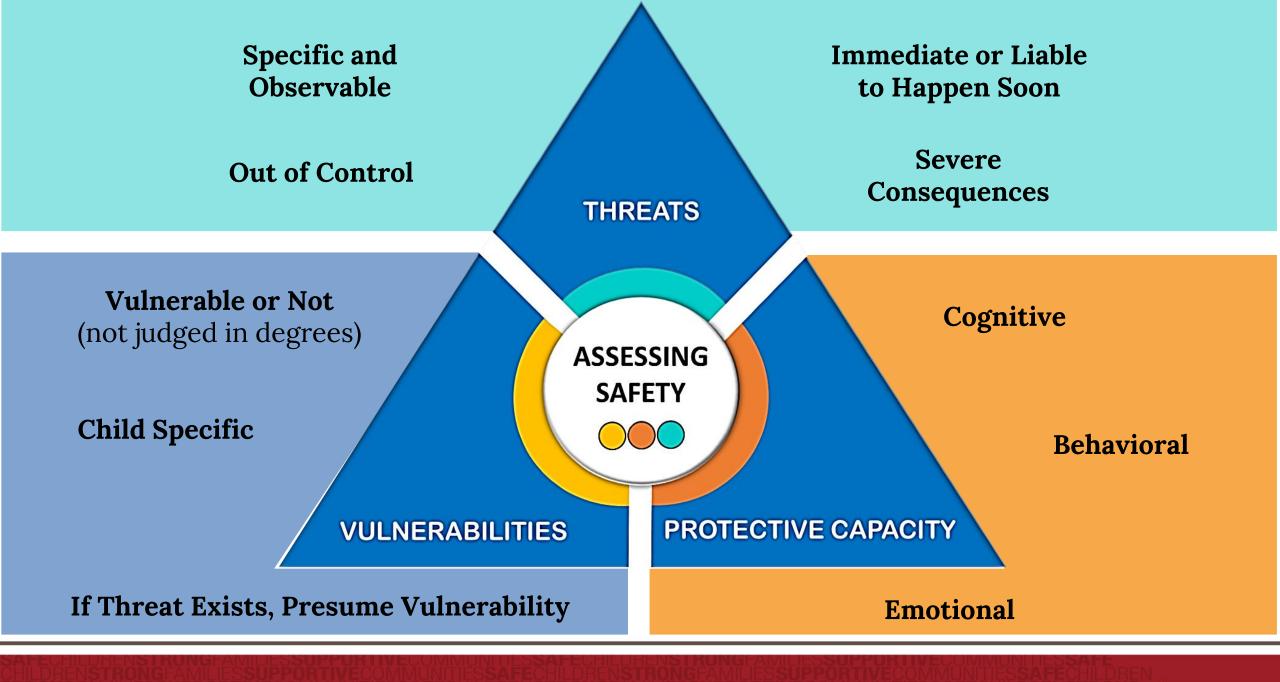
- Assessing Progress in Case Plan
- Ongoing Assessments of Current Safety Threats



How do we think about the Best Interests of the Ward?

At the shelter hearing, parents are given their first opportunity to present evidence to the juvenile court that the child can **safely** return home prior to dependency proceedings. ORS 419B.185(1). The court will then determine whether "it is in the best interests of the child or ward that the child or ward be removed from the home or continued in care." ORS 419B.185(3)(d). Matter of J.P. 328 Or.App 502 (2023)

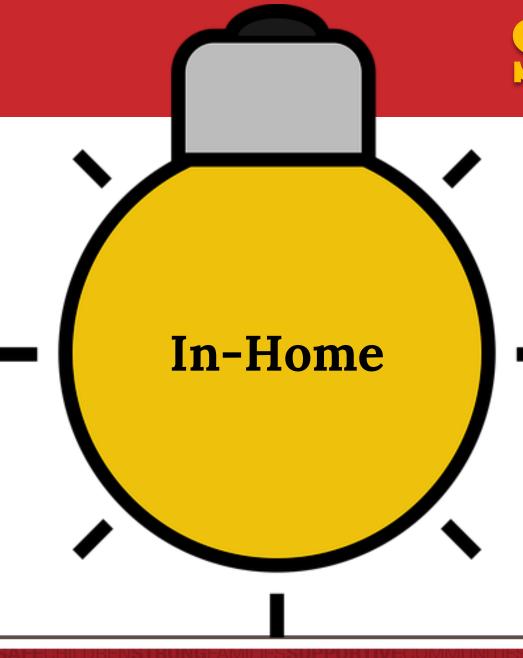
See also 419B.331 and .337 re Disposition after adjudication See also 419B.449 (Review) "necessary" and BIOC See also 419B.476 (Permanency hearing)



Reasonable or Active Efforts

(3)(a) At a hearing described in subsection (1) of this section, the court shall make written findings as to whether the Department of Human Services has made reasonable efforts or, if the child is an Indian child, active efforts to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child or ward from the home and to make it possible for the child or ward to safely return home.

419B.185



Safety Planning

Actions or Services to Control or Manage Threats – immediately

Assume threat is ongoing

- Sufficient
- Feasible
- Sustainable

Assessing Reasonable Efforts

Case Planning

- (1) ... The department shall ensure that the case planning in any case:
- (a) For the reunification of the family bears a rational relationship to the jurisdictional findings that brought the ward within the court's jurisdiction under <u>ORS 419B.100</u>;
- (b) Incorporates the perspective of the ward and the family and, whenever possible, allows the family to assist in designing its own service programs, based on an assessment of the family's needs and the family's solutions and resources for change; and
- (c) Is integrated with other agencies in cooperation with the caseworkers.



Considering Ending Jurisdiction

Matter of T.L. Oregon Ct App 2016

 Per prior caselaw, "The court must determine whether the original bases for jurisdiction continue to pose a current threat of serious loss or injury." If the court determines that they do, it then must assess the likelihood that that risk will be realized. At 685 **Terminating Jurisdiction**

Threats Eliminated

Case Plan Goals

Protective Capacity Enhanced to Control Threats



Combination of Both

Dismissal



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