

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON
FOR THE COUNTY OF MULTNOMAH
Small Claims Department

Plaintiff(s),

v.

CASE NO. _____

DEFENDANT'S RESPONSE

Interpreter needed: Spanish Russian
 other: _____

Defendant(s).

Proof of payment (including fees and costs) to Plaintiff is attached (or proof that the requested property was returned to Plaintiff).

Total Amount Paid: \$ _____ (or) Describe property and method of return:

*Any payment arrangements must be made directly with the plaintiff.

DENIAL OF CLAIM AND DEMAND A HEARING

I deny the plaintiff's claim and demand a hearing {or} jury trial.*

*The claim must be for more than \$750 (without fees and costs) to request a jury trial.

I AM RESPONDING ON BEHALF OF Self _____
Name Parties you are responding for

COUNTERCLAIM:

I make the following counterclaim* against the plaintiff for \$_____.

*Counterclaims must arise out of the same transaction or event as the plaintiff's claim.

I, Defendant, claim that on or about (date) _____, the above-named plaintiff owed me the amount claimed because _____

_____, and this amount is still due.

If the amount is the value of property that you believe should be given to you, describe the property: _____

Date

Signature of Defendant(s)

Print/Type Name of Defendant(s)

Street

City/State/ZIP

Phone

INSTRUCTIONS FOR RESPONDING TO A SMALL CLAIM

Mark your choice and return the *Defendant's Response* form (with the required fees) to the court where the Plaintiff filed the claim. Go to <http://courts.oregon.gov/Multnomah> for fee information. You can mark both "Denial of Claim" and "Counterclaim," but if you pay the claim, do not mark any other choice. PRINT CLEARLY. Write all names, *first, middle, last*.

Go to <http://courts.oregon.gov/Multnomah> for fee information. The response fee may be paid by check or money order made payable to the State of Oregon. **Do not send cash**. If you file in person, you may pay by debit or credit card (Visa or MasterCard).

You can mark both "Denial of Claim" and "Counterclaim," but if you pay the claim, do not mark any other choice. PRINT CLEARLY! Write all names *first, middle, last*.

READ THE FOLLOWING CAREFULLY

Unless you complete and sign this form and file it with the clerk within **14 calendar days** after you received service, the plaintiff may request a default judgment against you for the amount claimed plus filing fees, service costs, and a prevailing party fee.

If you do not send the proper fee payment, your response may be rejected and a default judgment entered against you. A default judgment may allow the plaintiff to seize and sell your property, garnish your wages, or seize funds from your bank account to satisfy the judgment. If you are not able to pay the response fee, you may file a Request for Fee Deferral or Waiver.

- **If you are in the military** – you *may* be protected from default judgments by the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act (50 U.S.C. App. § 501) *if* you are unable to respond in time because you are in active military service. <https://www.dmdc.osd.mil/appj/scra> The plaintiff may not get a default judgment against you unless you waive your rights under this Act, leave the military, or the judge holds a special hearing in your case. Speak to a legal advisor if you have concerns or questions, or if a default judgment has been entered against you.
- If you choose to waive your rights so that the plaintiff can get a default judgment, fill out the **Waiver of Right to Stay Proceedings**.
- Talk to a legal advisor or call the state bar association (503.684.3763). The rules about whether you are covered by this law are very technical and complex. **DO NOT** rely on your enlistment status to protect you.

1. PAYMENT OF CLAIM

Send payment *directly to the plaintiff*. **You must pay within 14 days from the day you receive the claim.** Your payment must include filing fees and service fees that the plaintiff has paid. Fill out the **Response** and attach proof of your payment or return of property. There is no additional filing fee for this.

2. DEMAND A HEARING

To demand a hearing you must complete the **Defendant's Response** form and pay the defendant's fee. Small claims hearings are informal. Both plaintiff and defendant may offer testimony and bring witnesses and other evidence at the trial. Neither party may be represented by an attorney without the judge's permission (ORS 46.415). **You cannot appeal a decision from small claims court.**

Come prepared with *factual* evidence if you have any, including contracts, receipts, photos, or other evidence to dispute the plaintiff's claim.

3. DENY THE CLAIM AND DEMAND A JURY TRIAL

If the plaintiff's claim is more than \$750, you can demand a jury trial. If you demand a jury trial, you must complete the **Defendant's Response** form and the plaintiff will have to file a formal complaint within 20 days. If the plaintiff does not file the complaint, the case will be dismissed. If you demand a jury trial, additional filing fees will be due. These fees are non-refundable.

If the plaintiff files a formal complaint, a copy of the complaint and a summons will be mailed to you. You must respond within **10 days** of receipt. If you do not respond, the plaintiff may get a default judgment against you. If you lose at trial, you may have to pay the plaintiff's lawyer fees.

When the court receives your response to the formal complaint, the case may go to mandatory arbitration. This is an informal hearing with an arbitrator (not a judge) who will make a decision. If either you or the plaintiff do not agree with the arbitrator's decision, you may file an appeal and go to trial. However, if you do not do better with the judge, you will have to pay the trial fees for the other side. Additional fees are required for arbitration.

4. FILING COUNTERCLAIMS: If you believe that the plaintiff owes you money or property as part of the same transaction or event, you may file a counterclaim against the plaintiff. Talk to a lawyer if you are not sure whether your counterclaim is part of the same transaction or event.

If your counterclaim is for \$10,000 or less, it will be decided at the same hearing as the plaintiff's claim. If your counterclaim is over \$10,000, you must file a motion to transfer your case to the civil department. If you do not file this motion, your counterclaim may be dropped and will not be heard.

- If your counterclaim requires a transfer to the civil department, the plaintiff will not be limited to the original amount of the claim. New amounts may be added if they relate to the same transaction or event. If you file a counterclaim that requires transfer to the civil department and you lose the counterclaim, you will have to pay the plaintiff's lawyer fees. Your claim will be referred for mandatory arbitration, which requires payment of additional fees.
- Describe *briefly* why the Plaintiff owes you the amount or property you have claimed. If you are requesting property, describe the property *specifically*, including its value and the source of the value (e.g., Blue Book, contract, purchase receipt, professional estimate).
- NOTE: YOU have to prove your counter-claims. Be prepared with *factual* evidence to support your claims. This means things like receipts, contracts, photographs, etc.

MEDIATION

Multnomah County court has a mediation program for small claims cases. If you file a response denying the claim or make a counterclaim, the court will schedule mediation for all parties. Additional information will be mailed to you at the time your mediation is scheduled. **Be sure the court has your current mailing address.**

Mediation has many benefits for the parties:

- Mediation brings all of the parties together to discuss the dispute with a trained, neutral mediator.
- Mediation offers a final opportunity to maintain control over the outcome of the dispute before turning it over to a judge. Remember, no matter how right you think you are, you may not win the case.
- A mediated agreement is enforceable, but will not appear on a credit report unless the agreement is not followed and a judgment is entered.
- If you are unable to resolve the dispute through mediation, a trial will be set for a **later date.**

PREPARING FOR TRIAL

If mediation is not successful, your case will be set for trial. You will receive a notice of trial by mail. If you do not receive a notice within five (5) business days from your mediation, please contact the court 503.988.3022, option #1. Your notice will include an information sheet. Please be sure to read this information sheet **several days before your trial**, as there may be things you need to do in advance of your appearance.

The court may be a secure building. Allow enough time to get through security. Dress appropriately.