

SMALL ESTATES AFFIDAVIT

To file a Small Estates Affidavit, you will need the following:

- 1. **Affidavit of Claiming Successor**
 Testate if there is a will
 Intestate if there is no will

The affidavit can be purchased at office supply or stationery stores. Fill in the blanks and have the affidavit notarized. If you bring the affidavit to the courthouse with proper identification (i.e. valid driver's license), the clerk can witness your signature.

- 2. **Certified copy of the death certificate.**
 A photocopy cannot be accepted.

- 3. The **original will, if one exists.**

4. **Filing fee in the amount of \$117.00. Effective 10/1/19, the filing fee is \$124.00. A certified copy of the affidavit will cost \$5.00 (certification fee) plus \$.25 per page (copy fee).**

Note: For those persons filing for PERS distribution, a **certified** copy of the affidavit should be sent to PERS.

Washington County Circuit Court
 Probate Department
 150 North First Avenue
 Hillsboro, OR 97124

HOURS: 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m
 Monday - Friday

PLEASE NOTE: *The court staff is not allowed to give legal advice.*
 You must decide if the estate qualifies as a small estate. If you have questions about handling an estate, you should contact an attorney. The Oregon State Bar Lawyer Referral Service can provide names of probate lawyers in your area. The number for the referral service is 1-800-452-7636.

Small Estates Affidavit

Oregon law allows an abbreviated procedure for handling small estates which may otherwise require a probate proceeding. See ORS 114.505 through 114.560 (copy attached). This process is accomplished by filing an "Affidavit of Claiming Successor", sometimes referred to as a small estate affidavit.

Estates That Qualify:

An Affidavit of Claiming Successor may be filed if:

1. The estate has personal property that has fair market value of \$50,000 or less, and/or
2. The estate has real property that has fair market value of \$90,000 or less.

"Fair Market Value" is the value of the property on the open market (between unrelated parties), not reduced to reflect debts owed against the property.

"Real Property" is land or interests in land.

"Personal Property" is all other property that is not real property, including contracts for the sale of real property, bank accounts, vehicles, etc. The dollar amounts do not include any property that transfers without probate or the small estate procedure.

Who May File:

The small estate affidavit must be filed by one or more "claiming successors." A claiming successor is: 1. An heir or devisee of the decedent (depending on whether a will exists); 2. The person nominated as personal representative in the decedent's will. 3. A creditor of the estate who has not been paid within 60 days after the decedent's death (Note: If the decedent died without a will or heirs, the creditor must have the written authorization from the Division of State Lands); 4. The Director of the Division of State Lands, if there is no will and no heirs.

What to File:

You can buy printed forms at some stationery stores. If the decedent had a will, the affidavit will be for a "Testate Estate". If the decedent did not have a will, the affidavit will be for an "Intestate Estate". The decedent's "heirs" are the people who would inherit property under Oregon's laws of intestacy. The "devisee" of the decedent are people named to receive property in the decedent's will. An "interest" in decedent's property is what each heir/devisee is to receive from the estate.

In addition to the affidavit, a *certified* copy of the death certificate must be filed. If the decedent died testate, the *original* will must be filed with the affidavit.

The filing fee in Washington County is currently listed on the first page of this document. To obtain a certified copy of the affidavit, the fee is \$5.00 plus \$.25 per page.

When to File:

The affidavit may not be filed until 30 days after the death of the decedent.

Where to File

The affidavit can be filed with the probate court for: 1) The county where the decedent died; 2) The county where the decedent lived or had a home at the time of death; 3) A county where property of the decedent is located at the time the affidavit is filed or was located at the time of the decedent's death.

Duties of the Claiming Successor:

The person who filed the affidavit is the affiant and has the following duties required by law:

1. Mail or deliver a copy of the affidavit to the following: a) The heirs and devisees. If there is a will, a copy should be included with the affidavit; b) Each creditor, if any, who has not been paid in full; c) Any person known to the affiant who asserts a claim against the estate; d) Department of Human Services, Estate Administration Unit, P.O. Box 14021, Salem, Oregon 97309-9913; e) Oregon Health Authority, 500 Summer Street NE E20, Salem Oregon 97301. This must be done within 30 days after filing the affidavit.

Duties of the Claiming Successor (continued):

2. Take Control of the property. See ORS 114.535.
3. Pay estate claims and expenses from estate property.

See ORS 114.545(1)(c).

4. After four months from the date the affidavit is filed and if no personal representative is appointed for the estate, the affiant should transfer the estate property to the heirs and devisees. Before the four months expire, the affiant may transfer property as allowed by ORS 114.545 (1)(e) and (f).

Accountability of the Claiming Successor:

The affiant and any other claiming successor who receives property under the small estate statute is personally answerable and accountable to: 1) estate creditors, to the extent of the value of the property received; 2) to any personal representative appointed within four months after the affidavit is filed; 3) any omitted heir or devisee.

SMALL ESTATES

114.505 Definitions for ORS 114.505 to 114.560. As used in ORS 114.505 to 114.560:

(1) "Claiming successors" means:

(a) If the decedent died intestate, the heir or heirs of the decedent, or if there is no heir, an estate administrator of the Department of State Lands appointed under ORS 113.235;

(b) If the decedent died testate, the devisee or devisees of the decedent; and

(c) Any creditor of the estate entitled to payment or reimbursement from the estate under ORS 114.545 (1)(c) who has not been paid or reimbursed the full amount owed such creditor within 60 days after the date of the decedent's death.

(2) "Estate" means decedent's property subject to administration in Oregon.

(3) "Affiant" means the person or persons signing an affidavit filed under ORS 114.515. [1973 c.710 §2; 1977 c.239 §1; 1979 c.340 §1; 1979 c.467 §3; 1989 c.228 §1; 2003 c.395 §14]

114.515 Value of estate; where affidavit filed; fee; amended affidavit. (1) If the estate of a decedent meets the requirements of subsection (2) of this section, any of the following persons may file an affidavit with the clerk of the probate court in any county where there is venue for a proceeding seeking the appointment of a personal representative for the estate:

(a) One or more of the claiming successors of the decedent.

(b) If the decedent died testate, any person named as personal representative in the decedent's will.

(2) An affidavit under this section may be filed only if:

(a) The fair market value of the estate is \$140,000 or less;

(b) Not more than \$50,000 of the fair market value of the estate is attributable to personal property; and

(c) Not more than \$90,000 of the fair market value of the estate is attributable to real property.

(3) An affidavit under this section may not be filed until 30 days after the death of the decedent. An affidavit filed under the provisions of this section must contain the information required in ORS 114.525 and shall be made a part of the probate records. In determining fair market value under this section, the fair market value of the entire interest in the property included in the estate shall be used without reduction for liens or other debts.

(4) The clerk of the probate court shall charge and collect a fee of \$21 for the filing of the affidavit.

(5) An affidavit filed under this section may be amended by a new affidavit containing the information required in ORS 114.525 filed by one or more of the claiming successors within four months after the filing of the prior affidavit.

(6) In addition to the fee provided for in subsection (4) of this section, for the period commencing September 1, 2003, and ending June 30, 2005, the clerk of the probate court shall charge and collect a surcharge of \$6 upon the filing of an affidavit under this section. [1973 c.710 §§3, 8; 1977 c.239 §2; 1979 c.467 §1; 1981 s.s. c.3 §36; 1985 c.368 §1; 1985 c.496 §6; 1987 c.586 §28; 1989 c.228 §2; 1989 c.856 §1; 1995 c.682

§1; 1997 c.447 §1; 1997 c.801 §32; 2003 c.737 §59]

Note: The amendments to 114.515 by section 60, chapter 737, Oregon Laws 2003, become operative July 1, 2005. See section 61, chapter 737, Oregon Laws 2003. The text that is operative on and after July 1, 2005, is set forth for the user's convenience.

114.515. (1) If the estate of a decedent meets the requirements of subsection (2) of this section, any of the following persons may file an affidavit with the clerk of the probate court in any county where there is venue for a proceeding seeking the appointment of a personal representative for the estate:

(a) One or more of the claiming successors of the decedent.

(b) If the decedent died testate, any person named as personal representative in the decedent's will.

(2) An affidavit under this section may be filed only if:

(a) The fair market value of the estate is \$140,000 or less;

(b) Not more than \$50,000 of the fair market value of the estate is attributable to personal property; and

(c) Not more than \$90,000 of the fair market value of the estate is attributable to real property.

(3) An affidavit under this section may not be filed until 30 days after the death of the decedent. An affidavit filed under the provisions of this section must contain the information required in ORS 114.525 and shall be made a part of the probate records. In determining fair market value under this section, the fair market value of the entire interest in the property included in the estate shall be used without reduction for liens or other debts.

(4) The clerk of the probate court shall charge and collect a fee of \$23 for the filing of the affidavit.

(5) An affidavit filed under this section may be amended by a new affidavit containing the information required in ORS 114.525 filed by one or more of the claiming successors within four months after the filing of the prior affidavit.

114.520 Authorization from Department of State Lands required for filing of affidavit by creditor if decedent dies intestate and without heirs; rules. (1) If a decedent dies intestate and without heirs, a creditor of an estate who is a claiming successor may not file an affidavit under ORS 114.515 unless the creditor has received written authorization from an estate administrator of the Department of State Lands appointed under ORS 113.235. Except as provided by rule adopted by the Director of the Department of State Lands, an estate administrator shall consent to the filing of an affidavit under ORS 114.515 by a creditor only if it appears after investigation that the estate is insolvent.

(2) A creditor of an estate who is subject to subsection (1) of this section may give written notice to an estate administrator of the Department of State Lands informing the estate administrator that the creditor intends to file an affidavit under ORS 114.515. Upon receiving the notice permitted by this subsection, the estate administrator shall investigate the assets and liabilities of the estate. Within 30 days after receiving the notice required by this subsection, the estate administrator shall either:

(a) Give written authorization to the creditor for the filing of an affidavit by the creditor under ORS 114.515; or

(b) Inform the creditor that the Department of State Lands will file an affidavit as claiming

successor under ORS 114.515.

(3) If a decedent dies intestate and without heirs, a creditor of an estate who is a claiming successor and who files an affidavit under ORS 114.515 must notate at the top of the affidavit that the affidavit is being filed by a creditor of the estate. If the affidavit contains the notation required by this subsection, the clerk of the probate court may not accept the affidavit for filing unless there is attached to the affidavit written authorization for the filing of the affidavit by the creditor from an estate administrator of the Department of State Lands. The written authorization may be a copy of a memorandum of an interagency agreement between the Department of State Lands and another state agency. [1997 c.88 §2; 2003 c.395 §15]

114.525 Content of affidavit. An affidavit filed under ORS 114.515 shall:

- (1) State the name, age, domicile, post-office address and Social Security number of the decedent;
- (2) State the date and place of the decedent's death. A certified copy of the death certificate shall be attached to the affidavit;
- (3) Describe and state the fair market value of all property in the estate, including a legal description of any real property;
- (4) State that no application or petition for the appointment of a personal representative has been granted in Oregon;
- (5) State whether the decedent died testate or intestate, and if the decedent died testate, the will shall be attached to the affidavit;
- (6) List the heirs of the decedent and the last address of each heir as known to the affiant, and state that a copy of the affidavit showing the date of filing and a copy of the will, if the decedent died testate, will be delivered to each heir or mailed to the heir at the last-known address;
- (7) If the decedent died testate, list the devisees of the decedent and the last address of each devisee as known to the affiant and state that a copy of the will and a copy of the affidavit showing the date of filing will be delivered to each devisee or mailed to the devisee at the last-known address;
- (8) State the interest in the property described in the affidavit to which each heir or devisee is entitled and the interest, if any, that will escheat;
- (9) State that reasonable efforts have been made to ascertain creditors of the estate. List the expenses of and claims against the estate remaining unpaid or on account of which the affiant or any other person is entitled to reimbursement from the estate, including the known or estimated amounts thereof and the names and addresses of the creditors as known to the affiant, and state that a copy of the affidavit showing the date of filing will be delivered to each creditor who has not been paid in full or mailed to the creditor at the last-known address;
- (10) Separately list the name and address of each person known to the affiant to assert a claim against the estate that the affiant disputes and the known or estimated amount thereof and state that a copy of the affidavit showing the date of filing will be delivered to each such person or mailed to the person at the last-known address;
- (11) State that a copy of the affidavit showing the date of filing will be mailed or delivered to the Estate Administration Unit of the Department of Human Services;
- (12) State that claims against the estate not listed in the affidavit or in amounts larger than those listed in the affidavit may be barred unless:

- (a) A claim is presented to the affiant within four months of the filing of the affidavit at the address stated in the affidavit for presentment of claims; or
- (b) A personal representative of the estate is appointed within the time allowed under ORS 114.555; and

(13) If the affidavit lists one or more claims that the affiant disputes, state that any such claim may be barred unless:

- (a) A petition for summary determination is filed within four months of the filing of the affidavit; or
- (b) A personal representative of the estate is appointed within the time allowed under ORS 114.555. [1973 c.710 §6; 1977 c.239 §3; 1979 c.340 §2; 1989 c.228 §3; 1991 c.191 §3; 1995 c.453 §1; 2001 c.104 §35; 2001 c.620 §2; 2001 c.900 §18a; 2003 c.196 §1; 2003 c.395 §16]

Note: Section 4 (1), chapter 196, Oregon Laws 2003, provides:

Sec. 4. (1) The amendments to ORS 114.525 by section 1 of this 2003 Act apply only to affidavits filed under ORS 114.505 to 114.560 on or after the effective date of this 2003 Act [January 1, 2004]. [2003 c.196 §4(1)]

114.535 Transfer of decedent's property to affiant; proceedings to compel transfer.

(1) Any person indebted to the decedent or having possession of personal property belonging to the estate, to whom a certified copy of the affidavit filed under ORS 114.515 is delivered by the affiant on or after the 10th day following the filing of the affidavit, shall pay, transfer or deliver the personal property to the affiant. Any person who has received property of the decedent under ORS 722.262, 803.094, or any similar statute providing for the transfer of property of an estate which is not being probated shall pay, transfer or deliver the property to the affiant if the person would be required to pay, transfer or deliver the property to a personal representative of the estate. The transferor is discharged and released from any liability or responsibility for the transfer in the same manner and with the same effect as if the property had been transferred, delivered or paid to a personal representative of the estate of the decedent.

(2) A transfer agent of any corporate security registered in the name of the decedent shall change the registered ownership on the books of the corporation to the person entitled thereto on presentation of a certified copy of the affidavit filed under ORS 114.515.

(3) If a person to whom an affidavit is delivered refuses to pay, deliver or transfer any personal property to the affiant or the person entitled to the property as disclosed in the affidavit filed under ORS 114.515, the property may be recovered or its payment, delivery or transfer compelled upon proof of the transferee's entitlement in a proceeding brought for the purpose by or on behalf of the transferee.

(4) If the affidavit was signed by the Director of Human Services or a designee of the director, the director or the designee may certify a copy of the affidavit for the purposes described in subsection (1) or (2) of this section. [1973 c.710 §4; 1979 c.340 §3; 1989 c.228 §4; 1991 c.67 §23; 1997 c.631 §404; 2003 c.196 §2]

Note: The amendments to 114.535 by section 60, chapter 655, Oregon Laws 2003, become operative May 1, 2005. See section 147, chapter 655, Oregon Laws 2003. The text that is operative on and after May 1, 2005, is set forth for the user's convenience.

114.535. (1) Any person indebted to the decedent or having possession of personal

property belonging to the estate, to whom a certified copy of the affidavit filed under ORS 114.515 is delivered by the affiant on or after the 10th day following the filing of the affidavit, shall pay, transfer or deliver the personal property to the affiant. Any person who has received property of the decedent under ORS 446.616, 722.262 or 803.094, or any similar statute providing for the transfer of property of an estate which is not being probated shall pay, transfer or deliver the property to the affiant if the person would be required to pay, transfer or deliver the property to a personal representative of the estate. The transferor is discharged and released from any liability or responsibility for the transfer in the same manner and with the same effect as if the property had been transferred, delivered or paid to a personal representative of the estate of the decedent.

(2) A transfer agent of any corporate security registered in the name of the decedent shall change the registered ownership on the books of the corporation to the person entitled thereto on presentation of a certified copy of the affidavit filed under ORS 114.515.

(3) If a person to whom an affidavit is delivered refuses to pay, deliver or transfer any personal property to the affiant or the person entitled to the property as disclosed in the affidavit filed under ORS 114.515, the property may be recovered or its payment, delivery or transfer compelled upon proof of the transferee's entitlement in a proceeding brought for the purpose by or on behalf of the transferee.

(4) If the affidavit was signed by the Director of Human Services or a designee of the director, the director or the designee may certify a copy of the affidavit for the purposes described in subsection (1) or (2) of this section.

114.540 Procedure for claims; disallowance; summary determination. (1) A claim against an estate with respect to which an affidavit is filed under ORS 114.515 may be presented to the affiant within four months after the affidavit was filed. Each claim presented to the affiant shall include the information required by ORS 115.025.

(2) A claim presented to the affiant shall be considered allowed as presented unless within 60 days after the date of presentment of the claim the affiant mails or delivers a notice of disallowance of the claim in whole or in part to the claimant and any attorney for the claimant. A notice of disallowance of a claim shall inform the claimant that the claim has been disallowed in whole or in part and, to the extent disallowed, will be barred unless:

(a) The claimant proceeds as provided in subsection (3) of this section; or

(b) A personal representative is appointed within the time allowed under ORS 114.555.

(3) A creditor of the estate whose claim has been presented within the time permitted by subsection (1) of this section and disallowed by the affiant may within 30 days after the date of mailing or delivery of the notice of disallowance file with the probate court a petition for summary determination of the claim by the court. A creditor of the decedent whose claim is listed in the affidavit as disputed may within four months after the filing of the affidavit file with the probate court a petition for summary determination of the creditor's claim by the court. The court shall hear the matter without a jury, after notice to the creditor and affiant, and any interested person may be heard in the proceeding. The claim may be proved as provided in ORS 115.195 (2). Upon the hearing the court shall determine the claim in a summary manner and shall make an order allowing or disallowing the claim in whole or in part. If the court allows the claim in whole or in part, the order shall direct the affiant, to the extent of property of the estate allocable to the payment of the claim pursuant to ORS 115.125, or any claiming successor to whom

payment, delivery or transfer has been made under ORS 114.505 to 114.560 as a person entitled thereto as disclosed in the affidavit, to the extent of the value of the property received, to pay to the creditor the amount so allowed. No appeal may be taken from the order of the court made upon the summary determination. [1989 c.228 §7; 2003 c.523 §3]

114.545 Duties of person filing affidavit; payment of claims; conveyance of real property; liability of person to whom property transferred or payment made. (1)

The affiant:

- (a) Shall take control of the property of the estate coming into the possession of the affiant.
 - (b) Within 30 days after filing the affidavit shall mail, deliver or cause to be recorded each instrument which the affidavit states will be mailed, delivered or recorded.
 - (c) From and to the extent of the property of the estate, shall pay or reimburse any person who has paid:
 - (A) Expenses described in ORS 115.125 (1)(b) and (c) and listed in the affidavit;
 - (B) Claims listed in the affidavit as undisputed;
 - (C) Allowed claims presented to the affiant within the time permitted by ORS 114.540; and
 - (D) Claims which the probate court directs the affiant to pay.
 - (d) Shall pay claims and expenses under paragraph (c) of this subsection in the order of priority prescribed by ORS 115.125.
 - (e) May transfer or sell any vehicle that is part of the estate before the completion of the period established under ORS 114.555 if the affiant complies with the requirements established by the Department of Transportation for such purposes under ORS 803.094.
 - (f) May convey any real or personal property that is part of the estate before the completion of the period established under ORS 114.555, provided that each heir or devisee succeeding to the interest conveyed joins in the conveyance and that any proceeds of sale, net of the reasonable expenses of sale and any debt secured as of the date of the decedent's death by a duly perfected lien on the property, shall become a part of the estate subject to ORS 114.505 to 114.560. Any conveyance to a purchaser in good faith and for a valuable consideration made by the affiant and the heir or devisee succeeding to the interest conveyed, or made by the heir or devisee succeeding to the interest conveyed after completion of the period established under ORS 114.555, conveys the interest stated in the conveyance free of any interest of the claiming successors, and the purchaser has no duty with respect to application of the consideration paid for the conveyance.
- (2) Any claiming successor to whom payment, delivery or transfer is made under ORS 114.505 to 114.560 as a person entitled thereto as disclosed in the affidavit is personally answerable and accountable:
- (a) To the extent of the value of the property received, to creditors of the estate to the extent such creditors are entitled to payment under subsection (1) of this section; and
 - (b) To any personal representative of the estate of the decedent thereafter appointed.

(3) The affiant shall cause to be recorded in the deed records of any county in which real property belonging to the decedent is situated an affiant or claiming successor's deed executed in the manner required by ORS chapter 93. [1973 c.710 §7; 1979 c.340 §4; 1985 c.300 §5; 1989 c.148 §6; 1989 c.228 §5; 1991 c.191 §4]

Note: The amendments to 114.545 by section 61, chapter 655, Oregon Laws 2003, become operative May 1, 2005. See section 147, chapter 655, Oregon Laws 2003. The text that is operative on and after May 1, 2005, is set forth for the user's convenience.

114.545. (1) The affiant:

- (a) Shall take control of the property of the estate coming into the possession of the affiant.
 - (b) Within 30 days after filing the affidavit shall mail, deliver or cause to be recorded each instrument which the affidavit states will be mailed, delivered or recorded.
 - (c) From and to the extent of the property of the estate, shall pay or reimburse any person who has paid:
 - (A) Expenses described in ORS 115.125 (1)(b) and (c) and listed in the affidavit;
 - (B) Claims listed in the affidavit as undisputed;
 - (C) Allowed claims presented to the affiant within the time permitted by ORS 114.540; and
 - (D) Claims which the probate court directs the affiant to pay.
 - (d) Shall pay claims and expenses under paragraph (c) of this subsection in the order of priority prescribed by ORS 115.125.
 - (e) May transfer or sell any vehicle that is part of the estate before the completion of the period established under ORS 114.555 if the affiant complies with the requirements established by the Department of Transportation for such purposes under ORS 803.094.
 - (f) May convey any real or personal property that is part of the estate before the completion of the period established under ORS 114.555, provided that each heir or devisee succeeding to the interest conveyed joins in the conveyance and that any proceeds of sale, net of the reasonable expenses of sale and any debt secured as of the date of the decedent's death by a duly perfected lien on the property, shall become a part of the estate subject to ORS 114.505 to 114.560. If the property is a manufactured structure as defined in ORS 446.561, the affiant must assign interest in the structure as provided in ORS 446.616. Any conveyance to a purchaser in good faith and for a valuable consideration made by the affiant and the heir or devisee succeeding to the interest conveyed, or made by the heir or devisee succeeding to the interest conveyed after completion of the period established under ORS 114.555, conveys the interest stated in the conveyance free of any interest of the claiming successors, and the purchaser has no duty with respect to application of the consideration paid for the conveyance.
 - (2) Any claiming successor to whom payment, delivery or transfer is made under ORS 114.505 to 114.560 as a person entitled thereto as disclosed in the affidavit is personally answerable and accountable:
 - (a) To the extent of the value of the property received, to creditors of the estate to the extent such creditors are entitled to payment under subsection (1) of this section; and
 - (b) To any personal representative of the estate of the decedent thereafter appointed.
 - (3) The affiant shall cause to be recorded in the deed records of any county in which real property belonging to the decedent is situated an affiant or claiming successor's deed executed in the manner required by ORS chapter 93.
 - (4) For a manufactured structure as defined in ORS 446.561 belonging to a decedent and assessed as personal property, the affiant shall file with the Department of Consumer and Business Services the necessary information for recording the successor's interest in the manufactured structure on an ownership document.
- 114.550 Summary review of administration of estate; hearing.** The affiant or any

claiming successor of the estate who has not been paid the full amount owed such claiming successor may, within two years after the filing of an affidavit under ORS 114.515, file with the probate court a petition for summary review of administration of the estate. A creditor may not file a petition under this section if the creditor received a copy of an affidavit filed under ORS 114.515 delivered or mailed to such creditor within 30 days after the date the affidavit was filed, the creditor was shown as a disputed creditor in the affidavit, and the creditor has not filed a petition for summary determination under ORS 114.540. The court shall hear the matter without a jury, after notice to the claiming successor and the affiant, and any interested person may be heard in the proceeding. Upon the hearing the court shall review administration of the estate in a summary manner and may order the affiant to sell property of the estate and pay creditors, to pay creditors of the estate from property of the estate or of the affiant, or to distribute property of the estate to the claiming successors, or may order any person who has received property of the estate to pay amounts owed to claiming successors of the estate in whole or in part. [1989 c.228 §8; 2003 c.196 §3]

Note: Section 4 (2), chapter 196, Oregon Laws 2003, provides:

Sec. 4. (2) The amendments to ORS 114.550 by section 3 of this 2003 Act apply to all affidavits filed under ORS 114.505 to 114.560, whether filed before, on or after the effective date of this 2003 Act [January 1, 2004] and without regard to when the decedent died. [2003 c.196 §4(2)]

114.555 Effect of failure to appoint personal representative. If a personal representative is not appointed within four months after the filing of the affidavit authorized by ORS 114.515, the interest of the decedent in all of the property described in the affidavit is transferred to the person or persons shown by the affidavit to be entitled thereto, and any other claims against the property are barred except as provided in ORS 114.540, 114.545 and 114.550. [1973 c.710 §5; 1977 c.239 §4; 1989 c.228 §10]

114.560 Exclusive remedy. The exclusive remedy of a person injured by the failure of the affiant or any claiming successor to comply with the requirements of ORS 114.505 to 114.560 shall be a summary determination under ORS 114.540, a summary review of administration under ORS 114.550, or appointment of a personal representative for the estate within the time allowed by ORS 114.555. [1989 c.228 §9]