

CIRCUIT COURT OF OREGON THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT MARION COUNTY COURTHOUSE P.O. BOX 12869 SALEM, OREGON 97309-0869

January 25, 2019

Policy Requiring Probate if the Debtor in a Foreclosure is Deceased, Requiring a bond for PRs Nominated by Creditors in Foreclosure Cases, and Setting Restrictions and Duties of PRs Nominated by Creditors

In the past, different Marion County judges took different positions as to whether a probate was required in a foreclosure case where the debtor was deceased. The Marion County bench has now agreed on a *court-wide policy requiring a probate if the debtor in a foreclosure case is deceased*.

Additionally, the court will no longer waive bond for PRs nominated by a creditor in a foreclosure case. A \$50,000 bond will be required. In addition, the PR will be restricted from selling or conveying the property, or defaulting in a foreclosure action, without prior court approval.

The PR shall exercise due diligence to locate any will. This would include, at a minimum, accessing any safe deposit held by the decedent; reviewing any personal papers of the decedent left in the residence, including anything containing the name of any attorney; and contacting any friends or relatives located through social media or through decedent's obituary to inquire whether anyone has knowledge of a will.

The PR must also exercise due diligence to determine the identity and location of any heirs. This is required even if there is a will as heirs are required to receive notice. This would include, at a minimum, reviewing any personal papers of the decedent left in the residence, which appear to contain information regarding relatives; searching social media (e.g. Google, Facebook, Peoplefinder); reviewing decedent's obituary; reviewing the death certificate; contacting the mortuary to inquire who was involved with the funeral arrangements. The court may, in its discretion, require a formal heir search.

The PR must exercise due diligence to determine, protect, and maximize the value of, any assets of the estate. The court expects the PR to:

- 1. Have a market analysis done on the real property;
- 2. Personally, or through an assistant, visit the property, assess the condition of the property, and look for personal property as well as any documents that might indicate other non-tangible personal property like bank accounts;

- 3. Check social media to look for heirs/relatives and to find any profiles of decedent that might demonstrate that there should be personal property;
- 4. Fill out a mail forwarding request with the post office so that account statements, tax documents etc. will be sent to PR;
- 5. Access DMV records and should search for titles to any vehicles or mobile homes
- 6. Obtain an income transcript from the IRS;
- 7. Search for unclaimed assets. See Oregon State Bar, *Administering Oregon Estates* (2012 with 2018 revisions), section 7.4-1.