

CROSSOVER YOUTH

RISK FACTORS	PROTECTIVE FACTORS
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Child abuse and neglect ✓ Age at which maltreatment was experienced ✓ Duration of abuse and neglect ✓ Seriousness of abuse and neglect ✓ Number of substitute care placements ✓ Types of placements (foster care, treatment foster care, residential, psychiatric, shelter, evaluation) ✓ Length of time in Child Welfare system ✓ Absence of social bonds (adults, school teachers, peers, relatives, role models) ✓ Negative peer group ✓ Gender ✓ Race ✓ Community, neighborhood, living environment ✓ Gang involvement ✓ Poor school performance (academics, behavior, truancy, dropout) ✓ Lack of positive extra-curricular interests ✓ Number of times the Juvenile Justice system was involved ✓ Number of delinquent acts prior to adjudication ✓ Runaway behavior ✓ Teen pregnancy ✓ Alcohol and substance abuse issues ✓ Aggressive behavior ✓ Significant mental illness ✓ _____ ✓ _____ ✓ _____ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Minimal placement changes ✓ Positive relationship with siblings, relatives and family friends ✓ Experiences success in school (academics, sports, government, extra-curricular activities) ✓ Engages in community activities and cultural activities ✓ Positive peer group ✓ Positive connection with caseworker, probation officer, ILP, treatment providers, attorney, teachers ✓ Good attitude towards services ✓ Timely and appropriate services ✓ Treated with dignity, courtesy and cultural understanding ✓ Actively involved in decision making process ✓ Avoids drugs and alcohol ✓ Not in a gang ✓ Attends court and CRB ✓ One judge one family ✓ Agency to agency cooperation ✓ _____ ✓ _____ ✓ _____ <p style="margin-top: 20px;"><u>Other Notes:</u></p> <hr style="border: 1px solid black;"/>

POSSIBLE CRB RECOMMENDATIONS

- ✓ Request court implement one family one judge
- ✓ Juvenile Justice and Child Welfare frequently share information
- ✓ All agencies involved frequently meet with the child and family
- ✓ All agencies and service providers periodically meet for share updates
- ✓ Timely and appropriate screening evaluations, for example: criminology risk factors (MAYSI) completed by the Juvenile Department; dependency risk factors determined by DHS; academics evaluations compiled by the school; and therapeutic evaluations completed by treatment and service providers
- ✓ Request the probation officer attend all CRB reviews
- ✓ Probation agreement and service plan be provided for the next review.
- ✓ Juvenile Justice and Child Welfare routinely meet to discuss service options and solve any funding problems
- ✓ Collaborate with school to develop a behavior contract and academic services
- ✓ Ensure all possible Independent Living Program services are in place
- ✓ Identify and support child's likes, interests, goals and strengths
- ✓ Model Court or Dependency Committee consider designing a Crossover Youth Project
- ✓ Ensure collaboration between agencies, attorneys, service providers
- ✓ Agencies focus on the youth's needs – avoid delay due to funding problems and agency goal and service options